THE MORNING STAR.

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And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR.

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THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
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5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
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26	27	28	29	30	31	

OUTLINES.

Washington news—Civil Service Commissioner resigns; Secretary Gresham very sick; reports concerning cotton; foreign complications with Venezuela. —— The coal miners' strike—several coal cars burned; a Gatling gun sent to the Bluefield militia yesterday. —— Five hundred Spanish soldiers killed in a battle with the insurgents. —— Hoke Secrest sentenced at Rutherfordton, N. C., to twenty years in the penitentiary. —— A powder mill explosion in Massachusetts. —— Bradstreet's report of the business situation. ——The trouble between Japan and the Powers reported settled. —Cotton brokers' failure. —— Base ball games played yesterday. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— New York markets: Money on call 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 1¾ per cent, and closing offered at 1½ cent. cotton easy; middling gulf 7 1-16 cents; middling uplands 6 13-16 cents; Southern flour quiet and firm; common to fair extra $3.25@3.10; good to choice do. $3 20@3.70; wheat dull, and firmer with options; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 68¼ cents; afloat 70 cents; corn dull and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 57¾ cents asked; afloat 58¾ cents asked; spirits turpentine dull and easy at 30@30½c; rosin quiet and steady, strained common to good $1.50@1.52½.

The base ball industry is reviving in the West. A few days ago 12,000 people in St. Louis flocked out on he suburbs to see a game.

It is said that one of the most attractive features of the Atlanta exposition will be the exhibits of cotton machinery and agricultural implments.

According to a recent police census of New York that city contains a population of 1,849,866 of which 925,310 are males and 924,556 are females.

It is said that England and Italy will stand guard over the Suez Canal and prevent war ships from passing through if Russia attempts to coerce Japan.

Some fellow out West has struck an idea to put silver in circulation. He has gotten up a "free silver" button, which he expects every free silver man to go for, but he don't offer them free. If he did the thing would go like hot cakes or something similar.

About everything in Austria is taxed, but by some oversight the cat escaped. Having made this discovery, the Minister of Finances suggests that the cat be put in the category of taxable things and required to do its part as a contributor of revenue.

The city of Kyoto, Japan, in the excitement and jubilation following the victory over China, didn't forget to celebrate the 1,100th aniversary of its becoming the Capital city of the country. It is still looking forward to many years of usefulness and prosperity.

When is this business going to stop? The beef kings out West raised the price of beef, then the leather kings raised the price of leather, and now the milk mixers propose to raise the price of milk. It looks as if they were raising the mischief all around, and there is nothing square in it.

Mr. Smalley, who writes from London for the New York *Tribune*, is speculating on the possibilities if China should become a great military power. When he gets through working that up he might as profitably devote his time to speculating on the possibilities of Africa *if* she should suddenly become white.

A Chicago stamp fiend who visited New Orleans ran up against an old fellow with a pile of stamps and struck a bargain with him for the lot for $150. When he got home he looked at the stamps and wished somebody would beat some sense into him with a boot-jack for being such a fool as to pay so much money for them. He concluded, however, that it was a fool for luck when he sent them to a New York expert to have them appraised and learned that one of them was worth $2,000 and the lot $20,000.

The STAR has long believed that Wm. B. Allison, of Iowa, would be a very strong candidate for the next Republican Presidential nomination with chances superior to Reed, McKinley or Harrison. And the STAR believes also that Walter Q. Gresham, of Illinois, will soon come to the front as a strong Democratic probability, although previous to 1888, when he voted for Cleveland, he was a Republican.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

D. L. GORE—For rent.
BASE BALL.—At Hilton Park.
W. & W. R. R.—Dividend notice.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

NEILL McKINNON—Ducks, geese.

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Messrs. Sharp, Cox & Co., Philadelphia, in a special to the STAR quote strawberries at 14 to 30 cents, with the market active.

— The Board of Aldermen and the Police Board held a joint caucus in the Mayor's office last night. Nothing could be learned for publication.

— Tom Brown, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was sentenced in the City Court to pay a fine of five dollars or work ten days on the streets.

— A fowl thief raided the hen house of J. H. Carraway, colored, on North Seventh street Thursday night, and carried off a half-dozen or more of his feathered flock.

— The regular services of the Seamen's Bethel will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. A. D. McClure will preach. Seamen and rivermen are specially invited. All welcome.

— For the annual meeting of the N. C. Medical Society at Goldsboro May 14th to 16th, the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets, May 13th to 14th. Rate from Sanford $4 75; Maxton, $5.15.

— John Allen Monroe, colored, was committed to jail from Justice Bunting's Court yesterday in default of bail. He is charged with breaking open and entering a freight car on the Carolina Central railroad.

— The Cape Fear Academy base ball team and the Union School team played a game yesterday afternoon, resulting in a score of 14 to 7 in favor of the Cape Fear Academy team. The batteries were: C. F. A. team, Smith catch, Genaust and Lewis pitch; Union School team, Moore catch, Bagg pitch.

— By a strange coincidence the amount to which the twenty-four sureties on Holland's bond ($91,000) justified is just about the amount of his defalcation, the latest estimate made by the bank examiner being $90,000. This is not supposed, however, to indicate that the sureties would be willing to "square things up" with the bank.

Base Ball at Hilton Park This Afternoon.

A game of base ball will be played this afternoon at Hilton Park for the benefit of the "Shelter of the Silver Cross," by commercial tourists or "drummers" in the city and a picked Wilmington team. A first-class game is expected. The players on the Commercial team are: James Allen, catch; Kirby pitch; Lawson, 1st base; U. M. Robinson, 2d base; Morton, 3d base; P. T. George, short stop; Brown, left field; McKenzie, centre field; Evans right field. These gentlemen are here only for a few days, and will give a cash donation to the Shelter besides the receipts from the game. The Wilmington team has the following players: Dhalgreen, catch; Ed, Furlong, pitch; Wm. Furlong, 1st, base; Johnson Graham, 2nd base; J. Delno, 3rd base; Robt. Bray, short stop, Robt. Daniel, right field; W. W. Roberts, centre field; Saml. J. Springer, left field.

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

— Receipts here yesterday 5 bales; same day last year, 11.

— Spot cotton easy in New York at 6 13-16 cents for middling; firm in Wilmington at 6¼c.

The Churches.

Second Advent Church. Elder J. P. King has returned from a month's trip to Florida, and will preach morning and evening. Subject for the evening service will be, "The God of the Bible, in contrast with other goods. All should hear him.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Fourth street, above Bladen. Rev. C. D. Bernheim, pastor. Morning Service at 11 o'clock. Evening service at 8 o'clock. Sunday School at 4.00 p m. Seats free and every person welcome.

St. Paul's Church, corner Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. Frederick N. Skinner rector. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Holy Communion first and third Sundays each month. All seats free.

Market Street Methodist E. Church (the little Church around the corner), near the corner of Market and Ninth streets, Rev. M. T. Plyler, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Praise meeting Thursday night at 8.30 o'clock. Young Men's Meeting Tuesday at 8 p m. All are welcome.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8 p m.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services at 11.00 a m and 8 p m. Sunday School at 9.30 a m. Church Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. R. E. Peele, pastor. Services tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath school at 3 p. m. Weekly prayer and praise meeting every Thursday evening at 8.00; seats free. A cordial invitation is extended to strangers and visitors.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Mulberry and Fourth streets, Rev. W. C. Norman, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11.00 a m and 8 00 p m. Experience meeting at 10.00 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 3.30 p m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend.

Bladen street M. E. Church South, corner Fifth and Bladen streets, Rev. J. F. Butt, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m and 7.00 p m. Class-meeting at 9.30 a m. Sunday School at 3 p m., D. M. Joyner superintendent.

First Presbyterian Church, corner Third and Orange streets, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Sunday services at 11 a m and 8.00 p m. Sunday School at 4.00 p m. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 8.15 p m. Seats free; all welcome.

Immanuel Chapel, Front street, between Queen and Wooster. Under the charge of the First Presbyterian church. Sunday School at 11 a m; preaching every Sunday by Rev. Jos. M. Rawlings, D. D., at 7.30 p m. Christian Endeavour Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p m.

First Baptist Church, corner of Fifth and Market streets, Rev. W. B. Oliver, Pastor. Morning services at 11 o'clock; night services 8.00 o'clock. Congregational Prayer meeting Thursday night at 8 00 o'clock. Sunday school at 4.00 p m. Strangers and visitors cordially invited to all services.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt pastor, German service at 11 a.m. English service at 8 p m. Sunday School at 3 p m.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, Pastor. Sunday services 11 a m and 8 p m. Morning subject, "The Irreligiosis of Righteousness." Sabbath School at 3.30 p m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8 p. m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

More Convictions for Violation of Internal Revenue Laws—Prisoners Sentenced.

Court met at 10 o'clock a. m.

Sentence was passed upon prisoners convicted during the week of retailing liquor without license, as follows:

M. H. McDonald, four months in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Aaron Johnson, two months in Sampson county jail and $100 fine.

Wm. Smith, one month in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Plato Jones, one month in Robeson county jail and $100 fine.

Wm. Finley, one month in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Jno. Blue, one month in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Will Jacobs, one month in Robeson county jail and $100 fine.

Fanny Hill, one month in Robeson county jail and $100 fine.

Cases were tried yesterday as follows:

Anthony Harries, Robeson county, retailing without license. Nol pros.

James Lindsay, retailing. Guilty; one month in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Chas Blocker, retailing. Guilty; one month in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Sallie Cummings, Robeson county; guilty of retailing without license; judgment suspended.

Joe De Berry, Richmond county, retailing. Guilty; one month in New Hanover county jail and $100 fine.

Jim McRae, Robeson county, retailing; not guilty.

Peter Blue, retailing. Guilty; one month in Robeson county jail and $100 fine.

Nancy Brigman, Robeson county, retailing. Guilty; judgment suspended.

Will Brigman, retailing. Guilty; one month in Robeson county jail and $100 fine.

Jno. Carter, Robeson county, retailing. Not guilty.

Wm. Lee, retailing. Guilty; one month in Robeson county jail and $100 fine.

Isaac Thompson, retailing. Guilty; one month in Robeson county jail and $100 fine.

W. C. Quick, Richmond county, called and failed. Judgment *nisi*.

Belle Baggett, Robeson county, retailing. Guilty; judgment suspended.

Silas Strickland, Robeson county, retailing; called and failed. Capias and continued.

Jack Stevens, Robeson county, retailing. Not guilty.

Marshall Oates, Anson county, retailing. Continued for defendant.

Harriet Barnhill, Columbus county, illicit distilling. Verdict not guilty.

Robt. Williams, Sampson county, retailing. Not guilty.

C. Williams, Sampson county, retailing. Not guilty.

Cases on the civil docket were called and continued.

Court took recess until 10 a. m. today.

Weather in the Cotton Region.

There were light showers in the cotton belt yesterday; heaviest in the Savannah district, where the average rainfall for the thirteen stations was 0.12 of an inch. The Bureau synopsis issued yesterday morning from the Wilmington station said, "the weather was generally cloudy throughout the greater part of the country, and it will probably continue threatening and showery for some days yet. Considerable rain fell Thursday in the cotton belt, and existing conditions will continue for several days."

Base Ball Club Formed.

A number of young men interested in base ball met last night in the armory of the Naval Reserves. Twenty-five of the best ball players in Wilmington were present. It was decided to form an organization to be called the Base Ball Association of Wilmington. At the next meeting, to be held Tuesday night, May 7th, two field captains and a business manager will be elected. The members of the association are determined to make it a success and hope that they will be sustained by the public.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., May 3.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 58°; 8 p. m., 66°; maximum, 74°; minimum, 56°; mean, 65°.

Rainfall for the day, trace; rainfall for the month up to date .01 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For Virginia and North Carolina, generally fair; warmer in eastern portions; easterly winds, becoming variable.

For South Carolina, fair; warmer near the coast; southerly winds.

Y. M. C. A.

At the monthly business meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association last night, eight new members were elected. It was decided to invite the public, especially ladies, to the gymnasium on Friday evenings as spectators.

At the conclusion of the business meeting refreshments provided by the Ladies' Auxiliary were served.

Prof. Van Laer in Charlotte.

The *Observer* says: "Prof. Van Laer, of Wilmington, will arrive here to-morrow morning and will have charge of the new organ at Tryon Street Methodist Church Sunday. Prof. Van Laer is said to be one of the best organists in the State. Sunday night a praise service will be held, at which the new organ will be heard to advantage."

The Home University League.

For two or three days samples of the new up-to-date edition of the Encyclopædia Britannica may be seen at Mund's drug store on Front street.

Messrs. Henly, Power, and Mumford, of the Charlotte *Observer*, are meantime busy explaining to our citizens the aims of the great Home University League which is being rapidly formed among possesors of the Encyclopædia Britannica throughout the United States in the interests of self culture, and which is fostered in North Carolina by the Charlotte paper.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

—Ex-Judge H. G. Connor of Wilson was in the city yesterday.

—Mr. J. McI. Brown, of Red Springs, was a caller at this office yesterday.

— Miss Anna McKee, of New York city, is in the city on a visit to friends.

— Mr. W. B. Canady, of Scott's Hill, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. Amos Atkinson, of Sloop Point, was in the city on a business trip yesterday, and visited the STAR office.

— Mr. Bernard D. McGarity has accepted a position as assistant to Mr. Johnson W. Graham at The Orton hotel.

—Mr. W. B. Canady, of Scott's Hill, was in the city yesterday. He is both merchant and farmer, and is always at the front with early vegetables.

—Messrs. S. F. Craig, W. L. Stevens, C. L. Stevens and H. W. Hood, of Southport, were visitors in the city yesterday.

—Messrs. F. M. McKay, Lillington; Bruce Williams, Bergaw; T. B. Lenoir, Yadkin Valley; J. E. Catler, Greensboro; G. J. Cherry, Parmelee, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. D. F. Flowers, who was referred to in the STAR yesterday, is in his eighty-third year, and is probably the oldest of our Bladen county subscribers except Mr. John King who is over ninety.

— The Western Union force are all smiles to-day in consequence of the arrival of Miss Bessie P. Wiggins, of Augusta, Ga., who will be added to Manager Frank's staff of "lightning manipulators."

— Mr. Sol. C. Weill, representative from North Carolina to Constitutional Grand Lodge I. O. B. B., which had its meeting at Cincinnati, Ohio, this week, was elected member of the Court of Appeals of that body.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKETS.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Strawberries, fairly active, Asparagus, firm, good demand. Beets and cabbage, in light supply. Peas, in good supply and largely under prime. Squash, plentiful and weak. Tomatoes, lower, limited sale, quiet, irregular.

Strawberries, North Carolina prime per quart 20 cents; ditto others, 12 to 18; ditto Charleston fancy, 25 to 28 cents; ditto others, 20 to 24 cents; ditto Florida best, 20 to 25 cents; ditto others, 6 to 8 cents. Asparagus, fancy, per dozen bunches, $3.25@3.00; ditto prime, $1.50@2.00; ditto culls, 75c@$1.00. Beets, Florida, per crate, $3.00@3.00. Cabbages, Florida, per barrel crate, $5.00@6.00; ditto Charleston, $5.00@6.00. Celery, per dozen stalks, 50c to $1.00. Cucumbers, Florida, per crate, $3.00@4.00. Lettuce, Florida, per basket, 50c to $1.25; ditto Charleston, 50c to $1.00; ditto Norfolk, 50 to 75c; ditto New Orleans, per barrel, $1.00@4.00. Kale, Norfolk, per barrel, 25 to 40c; ditto Baltimore, 30 to 50c. Peas, Charleston, per basket, 75c to $1.25; ditto Savannah, 70 to 75c; ditto per crate, 85 to 50c. Radishes, Norfolk, per barrel, 75c to $2.00. Spinach, Norfolk, per barrel, 25 to 50c. String beans, Florida, wax, per crate, $1.00 to 1.75; ditto green, 75c to $1.25. Squash, Florida, white, per crate, 50 to 75c; ditto yellow, 75c to $1,25. Tomatoes, Florida, carrier, $3.50@5.00; ditto Key West, carrier, $3.50@4.00; ditto per crate, 75c to $1.00.

THE SMITHFIELD WEDDING.

The Marriage of Miss Yelvington to Mr. Lee—List of the Attendants.

The Smithfield *Herald* gives the following full particulars of the Lee-Yelvington wedding, referred to in the STAR of Thursday:

On Tuesday evening precisely at 8.30 o'clock there was a quiet and beautiful marriage in the parlor of our esteemed townsman, Mr. Gaston Yelvington. The contracting parties were Mr. Frank Lee, a very popular and well known merchant of Wilmington, and Miss Alice, the beautiful, charming and accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gaston Yelvington.

The attendants were Miss Lillie Peacock, Miss Renna Sanders, Miss Nellie Pool and Miss Callie Graves—together with Mr. Henry Grimes, of New York, Mr. A. M. Hubbard, of Wilmington, Mr. R. E. Lee, of Mount Olive. Messrs. R. O. Cotter and John A. Narron, of Smithfield. The immediate relatives and intimate friends of the family were also present.

The ceremony was impressively performed by Dr. Solomon Pool, pastor of the Methodist church. The bride was apparelled in a beautiful travelling costume, made of very rare material. She held in her hand several large Marechal Niel roses, the gift of the groom. After the marriage rite was over the guests were invited to the dining room and seated at the table laden with such things as would appease the appetite of the most fastidious epicure. The presents were many and costly, which was a clear token of the esteem in which the agreeable couple were held.

They left on the 10.35 fast mail north, bound for the cities of New York, Philadelphia and Washington, with showers of good wishes for a pleasant trip and a prosperous married life. The writer said, as the train pulled off, "Go it, ye prisoners, shackled in Hymen's chains." J.

KEELEY MUST DIVULGE.

Ruling of a Judge in Kansas that it is Not a Trade Secret and is Not Patented.

LEAVENWORTH, KAS., May 2.—Judge Meyers, of the Federal Court, in granting the petition of W. F. Johnson, of Topeka, who sued Dr. Leslie E. Keeley for $100,000 damages, rules that Dr. Keeley must make known the ingredients of his bicloride of gold compound. The Court holds that the compound is not a property right nor a trade secret, being also unprotected by a patent and has been in use more than two years, in fact that there is nothing to prevent Dr. Keeley testifying. Johnson alleges he was made a physical wreck by the gold treatment.

MURDERER MILLS.

HANGED FOR AN ATHOCIOUS CRIME.

Brutally Killed His Niece Ina Wimberly—His Behavior in Prison and on the Gallows—Story of the Crime.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 3rd.—Mills the Murderer was hanged to-day at 12 m. Mills had been holding up under the ordeal through which he had to pass remarkably well. Yesterday he began to weaken and last night he gave under completely. He slept little, sitting up most of the while brooding over the morrow. Dughi sent him a box of dainty confectioneries. Mills looked at them and remarked 'they have come too late to do me any good.' Deputy Sheriffs Crooks and Walters were up with him all night keeping the death watch. He said very little and none of the prisoners seemed inclined to talk with him.

This morning Aunt Mandy Dunston sent him an appetizing breakfast. He was touched by the kindness of persons sending him nice things, and expressed his thanks freely. He told Mr. Brooks to lay his breakfast aside, he might be able to eat it later.

Great crowds thronged around the jail, though only thirty-five persons were allowed inside the enclosure. At eleven o'clocks the sheriff and his deputies, ministers and newspaper reporters entered the jail. Mills was in the corridor waiting. He was calm, and showed signs of weeping during the morning. The ministers prayed and sang hymns. Rev. Dr. H. Tuttle read passages from the scriptures. Mills said he was prepared to die and had made peace with God.

He walked firmly out of the jail to the gallows accompanied by two deputy sheriffs. Mills made a religious talk and also prayed. He did not refer to the crime which he committed. He asked forgiveness for his enemies. The trap fell at 11.40 and life was extinct at 12.01. He asked the Sheriff to hasten matters, when the rope was placed about his neck. The physicians said his death was caused by strangulation. One of the sections of the rope around the beam broke and Mills' feet barely touched the ground when the trap fell. This did not interfere with his hanging. Mills was the calmest man present and shed no tears at all.

STORY OF THE CRIME.

George Mills was an uncle of Iana Wimberly and lived from time to time with the family. He was with the family in June. On the evening of the 19th, he and Iana started for the old Vaughn House, a half-mile distant, presumably to procure some wild flowers. George had a mission and that mission was accomplished. He went to murder Iana. Like a lamb to the slaughter, she accompanied him. Mills at first gave her laudanum on a false pretext. The laudanum did not work fast enough, so a dogwood stick near by did. Mills beat his own niece over the head time and again, until he thought her dead. Life was still left in her fragile body, and the girl raised up and clutched the stick, praying her own uncle not to murder her, according to his testimony, and yet he came down on her head time and again.

Having done his most brutal and fiendish work, Mills left her for dead. He wandered about and got back to Wimberly's at midnight. He told the tale, which, the public at large believe the Wimberly family knew too well. The Wimberlys managed to skirmish around and get a body guard sufficient to accompany them at daybreak to look for her body. She was not dead as expected, and lived a week or two.

Mills was arrested and at first denied committing the crime. Later he told of the murder and has stuck to that tale ever since. He reiterated it yesterday to his brother, saying that he had nothing to conceal.

Mills has insisted that he was subserving the deeds of Wimberly, and that he was forced to commit the crime by him.

NO DEMAND FOR IT.

The Bottom Tumbles out of the Asparagus Boomlet.

The Charleston *News and Courier* of yesterday says: "Of a truth has the bottom been knocked entirely out of the asparagus market. A few days ago the asparagus farmers were cutting every stock of "grass" that they could lay hands upon, and sending it to the Northern markets, where it commanded excellent prices. But all that is changed now. A number of farmers received telegrams yesterday from their commission men in New York, advising them not to ship any more asparagus this season, as the market had gone all to pieces, and living prices could not be gotten for it."

[Then there is no money in shipping asparagus at $3.00 to $3.50 per dozen bunches. These are the New York figures quoted in the *N. & C.* of yesterday, and at $3.50 to $3.00 in the STAR.]

Steamboats in Collision.

The steamer *A. P. Hurt* and the steamer *Frank Sessoms* were in collision Thursday afternoon at "Broad Water," near the mouth of Black river. The *Hurt* was coming down and the *Sessoms* going up the Cape Fear. Both boats were rounding a bend in the river, and had exchanged signals, which were probably misunderstood by one or the other. As soon as it was seen that a collision was impending engines were reversed but the strong current carried the *Hurt* with it, and the boats came together, the bow of the *Sessoms* striking the *Hurt* on the starboard side smashing her guards. The damage to the *Hurt* will not exceed $35.

Catharine Kennedy Home.

The dedicatory services at the Catharine Kennedy Home last night, were attended by a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen. Rev. Mr. Cunningim, of Fifth Street M. E. Church, opened the services with prayer, Rev. Mr. McClure, of St. Andrew's Church, read passages from the Scriptures, and then Dr. Carmichael, of St. John's Church, delivered an eloquent address. Remarks were made, also, by Rev. Mr. Norman, of Grace Church, and Dr. Mendelsohn, of the Temple of Israel. The ladies of the Benevolent Association were delighted with the outcome of their efforts in behalf of the Home, and surely they deserve great credit.

Colored Teams Play Ball.

Schenck's Black Stockings and the Mutuals played at Hilton Park yesterday. The latter won the game by a score of 10 to 8. Mr. Samuel P. Morton, of Baltimore, umpired the game to the satisfaction of both teams. A large number of spectators were present.

STANFORD-ELLINGTON.

The Case to be Taken to the Supreme Court—Mrs. Mary A. Hawkins Disents From the Will of Her Late Husband—A Novel Whiskey Suit.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 3.

One of the most unique and novel distilleries ever captured in this district was brought here to-day. Deputy Collector Wiley Jones seized it in this county about twelve miles from here, and because of the unusual make-up, he failed to destroy it. The still is a home made one and one of the smallest on record. It is capable of distilling perhaps a gallon of spirits in 24 hours. A 20 gallon lard can is used as the still, a water bucket as a cap and a piece of gas pipe as the worm. A 5 gallon rundlet completed the outfit.

Mrs. Mary A. Hawkins has dissented from the will of her husband, the late Dr. Wm. J. Hawkins, who died several months ago. Mr. Hawkins left his daughter about $60,000 and Mrs. Hawkins received the homestead and about $30,000 in cash. Dr. Hawkin's sons were all well provided for. Mrs. Hawkins took action this morning to secure her dower, which she claims she is entitled to. The Hawkins family is one of the most prominent, socially, in Raleigh, and one of the wealthiest.

The jury in the Stanford-Ellington case failed to agree this morning. They stood seven in favor of Ellington and five for Stanford. The Judge withdrew the issue of demand from the jury and decided the point of no quorum in the Legislature, and others in favor of Ellington. Attorneys for Stanford will take action to bring the case before the Supreme Court at this session. Ellington's counsel are ready.

At Seaside Park.

The first outing party of the season left yesterday morning at nine o'clock for Seaside Park to spend a day of pleasure. The party, about twenty in number, went down in wagonettes. The ladies took lunch along and after reaching the Park a very pleasant time was had, dancing and strolling. The following were among the party: Messrs. Robert C. DeRosset, A. P. Adrian, Geo. Crow, Geo. C. Peschau, Dr. A. H. Harriss, Sam'l Springer, Charles R. Lewis, George H. Howell, W. W. Roberts, Will. Walker, Charles H. Robinson, Jr., T. Morgan Turreatine, Ed. P. Munson, George Taylor, Richard Bradley. The ladies were Misses Ella Bellamy, Lila Bellamy, Mary Bolles, Maud McLeod, Fannie Taylor, Martha Williams, Cameo Lord, Mary Davis, Cary Davis, Bessie Gibson, of Wilmington, and Misses Williams of Fayetteville, Nelle Bullock of New York, and Miss Laura Nation of New York. The party returned last night at 8 o'clock after spending a most enjoyable day at the seashore. The chaperons were Mrs. H. W. Angel and Mrs. Jno. W. Gordon.

Itinerant Revivalists.

A "gospel wagon" reached the city yesterday from Georgetown, S. C. The people with it gave an open air concert last night at the corner of Front and Market streets, with singing, cornet playing and instrumental music. The revivalists are Rev. Henry Morgan, wife and two children, which constitute a regular choir. They came from Georgetown here on the steamer *Oneida*, and will remain several weeks. They claim that they don't belong to any religious body, and are giving nightly talks on the public streets. Rev. Morgan preached until eleven o'clock last night.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BASE BALL.

Town vs. Out-of-Town.

For the benefit of the Shelter of the Silver Cross. Hilton Park, 4 p. m. to-day. ap 4 1t

Office Sec'y of the W. & W. R. R. Co.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company have declared a dividend of three per cent. on the capital stock of that Company, payable to all holders of record on May 10th, 1895. The Transfer Books will stand closed from May 1st to May 10th, 1895 inclusive.

JAS. F. POST, Jr.,
ap 28 1t Sec'y & Treas'r. W. & W. R. R. Co.

For Rent.

I wish to rent out a Steam Grist Mill and Cotton Gin and Turpentine Still, located at Harrell's Store, Sampson county, N. C.

For particulars call on, at my office,
D. L. GORE,
120, 122 & 124 Water street,
Wilmington, N. C.
ap 20 tf

Waverley BICYCLES.

Are the Highest of All High Grades.

Warranted superior to any Machine built in the world, regardless of price.

Guaranty Backed by a Million Dollar Company,

Whose bond is as good as gold. Do not be induced to pay more money, as the Waverley has no superior. Catalogue free.

INDIANA BICYCLE CO., Indianapolis, Ind.
Thos. H. Wright, Exclusive Agent.
ap 27 tf

Good Luck.

50 cases Good Luck Powders.
25 barrels Mott's Vinegar.
50 M paper Bags.
50 boxes A. & H. Soda.
25 boxes Gold Medal Soda.
50 boxes Nutmeg—2 lbs each.
10 bags Pepper and Spice.

Complete line groceries at bottom prices.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
205 North Water Street,
ap 28 tf DAW Wilmington, N. C.

For Rent.

The Hewlett place, at Ocean View. Nine rooms and a bar or sample rooms. House and bar rented separately, if desired.

Apply to D. O'CONNOR,
may 2 tf Real Estate agent.

Perfect Fitting and Good Wearing

are the

"KAYSER Patent Finger-Tipped" Silk Gloves.

We warrant them. Our store is noted for selling the best of everything. These gloves are the best made, and in every pair a **Guarantee Ticket** that is good for a new pair **Free** in any case where the "Tips" weat out before the gloves. **Blacks and Colors, 50c., 75c., and $1.00.**

A BUSY WEEK!

It has been with us. Our immense line of Spring Fabrics have been exciting a great deal of admiration and attention. Time is money, they say, and the few moments spent in a careful perusal of this announcement will bear out to its fullest degree the truth of this axiom. 'Tisn't the price alone that create the rush here—quality does its share—and a big share, too. You can't say much about values in a simple unembellished statement like this. Nothing outside of a personal visit can give you any idea of the style and quality concerned.

New Silks.

One lot new Shirt Waist Silks, light changeable colors, 90c a yard.
One lot Taffeta Plissi 60c a yard.
One lot first quality Wash Silks only 30c a yard.

BLACK GOODS.

One lot Black Storm Serge, best quality ever sold for the money, 45c a yard.
One lot heavy twilled Serge, just the thing for Skirts, 50c a yard.

SPECIAL.

One lot all-wool CHALLIES, worth 25c a yard, 12½c a yard. (See styles in window.)

WASH FABRICS

In endless variety.

Imported Dimities, 40-inch wide, 20c a yard.
French Organdies 35c a yard.
Percales 12c a yard.
Drap de Velnna 15c a yard.

Just Received

A beautiful line of Side Combs with real Sterling Silver ornaments.
Belt Pins in Frosted Silver and Blue Enameling.
Belt Buckles in exquisite designs, perfect imitations of Silver.
Black Enameled Belt Buckles.
A special lot of Knitting Silk, each ball containing 80 yards, all the shades, only 12½c a ball.
We wish to call especial attention to our line of Gent's Furnishings.
Gent's Tecks and Four-in-hands.
Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, etc.
500 Umbrellas in several lengths at astonishingly low prices.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
apr 21 tf

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street.

Offer

Silks

AND

Dress Goods

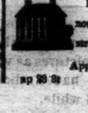
At greatly reduced prices to-morrow.

SERGES,
CHEVIOTS,
CREPONS,
DRESDEN SILKS, &c.

At prices far below Any quotations made this season.

Sale limited to this week.
ap 28 tf

House and Shop.



FOR RENT.—Dwelling and Shop on northeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Everything in excellent repair.

Apply to D. O'CONNOR,
ap 28 3t

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA,

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FISHBLATE'S

Modern Methods

OF

Retailing.

Magnitude means steady progress if general conditions are a guide.

Advancement is proof. Continuous growth is proof positive.

The great store grows greater and stronger. No lag. No stop. Cone stantly hammering at the Mammoth Production of

Men's,

Youth's

AND

Children's Attire,

Made up for the Spring and Summer, has brought to the front the greatest gathering of dependable wearables ever spread under any one roof in Wilmington.

One Idea,

One Thought,

Concentrating the whole force to bring out the best possible values at the very lowest prices, and broaden the scope of the various deparments has developed in making each department practically a complete store within itself.

Modern Methods of retailing mean placing the merchandise with the consumer at wholesale prices. Keeping an eye to the consumer's interest furthers our own. Let wisdom place your dollars on the right track—the straight line to economy, and—and just service leads directly here.

There is not an article in the immense establishment not Guaranteed solid value for the price.

Make a comparison between the Styles, Shapes and general Details of Construction of the Union Tailor-made, Form-Fitting, Ready-to-Wear Garments bearing the

FISHBLATE LABEL,

And the ordinary class of clothing usually offered on sale, and the result will be that your purchases are made here every time.

No Trickery,

False Quotations

Or Limit

To any particular article offered on sale here. Square dealing and correct values are the fundamental principles, and the best proof of the solid worth is backed by refunding money to any dissatisfied purchaser.

It matters not whether interested in Men s Suits, as low as the lowest, as fine as the finest, or Boys' Wear, as cheap as the cheapest, good as the best, there is more variety and better make and infinitely more stylish and correct-fitting goods here than can be shown by any other house in the line—it matters not who nor where.

S. H. Fishblate,

King Clothier.

may 1 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

As extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1895

GO SLOW AND THINK.

The American people are quick to form their political conclusions and, as a rule, stick pretty tenaciously to them when formed. The large majority of them do this because they believe they are right, that is unless there are sectional or other prejudices to cause people to be indifferent as to whether they are right or not. But there should be none of this in the discussion of a great financial question which interests every one, and on which every one should desire to have thrown all the light possible. Bandying epithets is not discussing it nor adding anything to the popular stock of information. It requires no talent, study or ability to call names; a fool can do that and fools do it, and least of all should Democrats who differ upon a question on which there is more or less difference throughout the country be pursuing this course of stupidity.

There are free silver Democrats and Democrats who are opposed to free silver, who on everything else agree, and who if it were not for this would be found marching shoulder to shoulder as they have in the past. Why should they, because they differ on the question of the free coinage of silver, some believing in free and unlimited coinage, some in free but not unlimited, some in a ratio of 16 to 1, others in another ratio, and some opposed to coinage on any ratio save one to be agreed upon by other countries and this, why, we ask, should there be bandying of epithets at each other instead of discussing their differences intelligently and good naturedly with the intent of arriving at what is best to do, and to learn by patient investigation which is right and which is wrong? Calling a man a "gold bug" doesn't put him in a frame of mind to listen to you more intently or argue with you more dispassionately, nor does calling him a "silver crank" put him in that state of mind. Epithets are the stock in trade of men who have little else to bank on, and a sure sign of a want of sense. Big brains don't do it. They discuss issues and then sit down and discuss their wine, &c., and pity the simpletons who abuse each other while they fancy they are defending a great cause which asks for argument and not abuse.

We say this because all Democrats should remember it, and because in some States Democrats are forgetting it, and are not only becoming excited over the financial question, but are discussing it in a way that will make it impossible for them to come together and march under a common leadership again, the very thing the opposition want to see, and the thing they are doing all they can in a quiet way to encourage.

Politics in this country is a history of compromises. There is not one in ten of the questions in which the whole people were interested that ever became a final reality in the shape in which it was originally suggested, and the changes have been such in the course of time that we have seen parties standing substantially on the ground on which the parties against which they contended stood years before, the positions becoming almost reversed. We could find some of that to-day, without making a very laborious inquiry.

For years the Democratic party, or rather the differing elements in the Democratic party, compromised on the tariff; they compromised on the financial question for years, and if the party is to hold together and attempt to make a canvass with any hope of success they must compromise again. One extreme cannot draw the other extreme to it; it is the moderate, thoughtful man who stands in the middle, between the extremes, who sees the weakness of both who can and must reach out and draw them to him. That is the conservatism which with cool-headed calculation and practical sense achieves victory by striving only for the possible. That man never indulges in foolishness, never chases rainbows nor permits wild-eyed zeal to usurp the place of reason and judgment.

As there have been compromises in the past, a necessity in a party representing different sections of a great country with such diverging and sometimes conflicting interests, so there must be compromises in the future, and it will be the superlative of folly to do what would make compromise impossible, and bring passion instead of reason to rule. It is well to discuss all great measures in which we may differ thoroughly and freely, that we may the more fully comprehend them, but this should be done coolly and considerately, so as to win converts and bind friends to us instead of making enemies and driving friends away. However they may discuss or differ, this is a good time for Democrats to go slow and to think, for things may happen within the next year which will go far to aid in the solution of questions over which there is now much contention.

MINOR MENTION.

We have never thought that there would be any actual clash between Nicaragua and Great Britain over the British demands, and it is not at all improbable that Washington diplomocy is behind the action of San Salvador in becoming surety for the payment of the indemnity within the designated time, an arrangement that lets Great Britain out of a position that might eventually involve her in trouble with other Central American States, and possibly with this country. There has been a large amount of cabling, conferring, writing and instructing in reference to this matter, and what has been done at last might have been done at first with none of the bluster on the part of England and quite as much in keeping with the dignity of all concerned. Nicaragua, small as she is, refused to pay the indemnity under duress and threat, and showed her pluck, and England was doubtless perfectly willing to get out of a position where force might eventually be necessary, and availed herself of the opportunity offered to avert this contingency. Having gone further than she originally intended to go she was glad to be relieved of the necessity of going further, and has thus accomplished her point at a less cost than she might have been put to if she were less accommodating. The outcome has been that while she gets a guarantee of the trifling indemnity demanded, she has learned what the sentiment of the people of this country is, and that the disposition is rather to stretch the Monroe doctrine to check any European movement to gain a foothold directly or indirectly in any of the Republics South of us, and the probabilities are that henceforth she and other European powers which may have misunderstandings with any of those Republics will move with a good deal of deliberation before they take the final step.

* * *

We have in these columns said much about the value of good roads and have called attention to the benefits that have come from them to some counties and localities in this and in other states. Among the Northern States in which the good roads movement has made marked progress, New Jersey is conspicuous, for the State makes an appropriation proportionate to the amount of money expended for the improvement of the roads, the result of which is that in some counties there has been a great improvement. It is said that in one county—Union—the increase in the value of farming lands in consequence of the improved roads has been on an average of $206 an acre which looks almost incredible, but perhaps these lands may be particularly adapted to the raising of crops that pay well, truck or fruit farms, or something of that sort. But it has been demonstrated everywhere that good roads do add very materially to the value of the farming lands through which they run just as the building of a railroad adds to the value of the lands through which it runs. They do this because they make it so much easier to market the products of these lands, and make increased production more profitable, cheapening the marketing, which is the same as cheapening the cost of production. They also invite settlers, who are naturally attracted to a section where the roads are good, and where they see an opportunity of working to advantage without killing themselves and their stock in getting to market the crops they raise and spending a winter trying to market what could be marketed in a week over good roads. The experience of Union county, New Jersey, should be a stimulus to other counties in that and in other States.

Nicaragua has an area of 49,500 square miles, not quite as large as North Carolina. According to the latest estimates it had a population of about 312,000, nearly one half of whom were half-castes, about a third full blooded Indians, 20,000 negroes and 30,000 whites.

The Japanese believe in ghosts, but they believe they are all females, and represent them in pictures as women with bangs that haven't been trimmed up for a good while.

The Republican Legislature of Pennsylvania has gerrymandered that State for the Congressional districts so as to give the Democrats five districts, with a fighting chance in three, and retaining twenty-two for themselves in which the Democrats have no fighting or any other chance.

They say that although Captain Dreyfuss is allowed room for exercise on the Devil's Island to which he has been banished, it is a living grave. The French Government doubtless thought his offence a grave one.

CURRENT COMMENT.

——Every farmer who raised all the corn and meat he needs at home with some besides to sell, is in a position now to appreciate the advantage he has over the all-cotton farmer.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

——It is interesting to recall the comments of some of the English newspapers when the United States made demands of Chili for the murder of Uncle Sam's tars. They pretended to be indignant that so great a Power as the United States should intimidate so small a State as Chili, although Chili professed to have, and did have, the better navy. These newspapers are very positive in their advice to their own Government to enforce the demands against Nicaragua.—*New York Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

——The fact that Japan has just placed an immense order for gunpowder in this country may be taken as an indication that in the judgment of her rulers the closing of the terms of peace with China does not necessarily inaugurate a reign of peace in the East, and that at all events the Land of the Rising Sun means to hold herself in readiness to respond to the growls of the Russian bear, if necessary with the sullen roar of artillery.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Red Springs *Citizen:* After an illness of eleven days, Mrs. Nancy Chisolm died at her residence in Blue Springs township, last Sunday night.

— Charlotte *News:* A Mecklenburg gold miner says that there are more inquiries from Northern capitalists about the gold mining industry just now than he recollects in a great while. He says the indications are that four or five dead gold mines about Charlotte will be actively worked during the coming summer.

— Rockingham *Rocket:* James Paul died at his home near Midway mills on Saturday last and was buried on Sunday. He was about 60 years old.—Tuesday night Tom Leak, Riley Jones, and Will Ellerbe, all colored, got into a difficulty which resulted seriously for Ellerbe who was severely cut on the arm and neck. It is not known which of the others did the cutting.

— Fayetteville *Observer:* The still, worm and all the other paraphernalia of Mr. J. A. Burns' distillery near the Ayers place were stolen Saturday night. The police know who the guilty party are, four young white men, and have already arrested two of them. They have also found the stolen property, which was sunk several feet in a creek. It is supposed that the young thieves wished to start a distillery on their own hook.

— Columbus *News:* As the train on the W. C. &C. R. R. was in about three miles of Conway, running at full speed, the boiler exploded. The colored fireman jumped from the engine just before the explosion and broke his leg. Miraculously enough the engineer, who stuck to his engine, was unharmed, although the engine was torn to pieces by the explosion, there being nothing left in tact but the flues so we hear. The explosion was very terrific and shook out window lights for some distance. The colored fireman was the only one hurt.

— Scotland Neck *Democrat:* Mr. W. N. Steptoe died at his home near town, last Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, aged 65 years. Thursday afternoon he walked to town, and returned home just before dark perfectly well. His custom was to rise early to feed his stock. Friday morning he arose about 5 o'clock, and before he had dressed himself he fell back on the bed and cried, "Oh, my head!" Physicians were sent for, and it was soon apparent that the summons had come for him in a stroke of apoplexy.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer:* There is money in onions. That this assertion is true it is only necessary to call attention to what one man, Mr. Abram Carpenter, has accomplished with them. Mr. Carpenter lives in this township, and from a plot of ground 20 feet square he has sold, on this market, $13.40 worth of onions within the past ten days. ——We have talked with a number of farmers from every section of the county this week, and from information obtained from them we think we are safe in saying that not more than half the cotton acreage has been planted while at least two-thirds of the land intended for corn is yet to be plowed. The season is unprecedentedly late and the planters are much discouraged.

TWINKLINGS.

— Between love and duty—the man who smuggles his wife's Parisian gowns across.—*The Great Divide.*

— It's going to be a terrible tax on the campaign poet to make touching lyrics out of a monetary issue.—*Chicago Record.*

— Pa, will women ever get their rights?

I don't know, my son; but if they do there'll be very little left for the rest of us.—*N. Y. Herald.*

— Miss Dainty (after listening to Colonel Winter's narrow escape)—Is it possible? I do not understand how the bullet could strike directly over your heart and not kill you.

Colonel Winters—Well—er—er—you see, my heart was in my mouth.—*The Great Divide.*

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Lost of Appetite. Constipation. Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

QUID PRO QUO.

I begged a kiss of a little maid.
Shyly, sweetly, she consented.
Then of a sudden, all afraid,
After she gave it she repented.
And now no penance for that one kiss
She asks a poem—I'll give her this.

But how can my song be my very best
When she, with a voice as soft as Circe's,
Has charmed the heart from my lonely breast?
The heart, she counsels of all true verses!
Why, oh, why should a maid do this?
No—I must give back her kiss.

—R. H. Johnson in Century.

OUR PHANTOM GUIDE

"Any light out there? My, but it's dark, and the roadbed seems to have been washed away. Say, Hugh, whatever are we to do after losing our way in this fashion?"

Hugh McClure and I had been shooting over a Perthshire moor, and dallying too long after game had been caught in the descending night and the far more unpleasant descending rainstorm.

"Blest if I know," answered Hugh, wading his way out of a mudhole and shaking himself like a huge Newfoundland dog.

"Gents, I can guide you to a place of shelter," said a deep, hollow voice beside us. We both sprang back, for there, but a few feet away, stood a horse and his rider, the dark mass being partially distinguishable from the darkness of the night around.

That a horseman should be in a place where it was difficult for a pedestrian to get a secure footing was strange enough in all conscience, but that he should have apparently risen up among us without any warning whatsoever was stranger still.

"How did you ever steer your horse down here?" I queried in a tone that I tried to make one of surprised pleasure, but miserably failed in the attempt.

"I have lived on the borders of this moor all my life," replied the voice, "and my horse knows every foot of the way since he was a foal."

This explanation was satisfactory enough for men in desperate circumstances. Hugh and I thanked him for his proffered services and requested him to lead the way. We sought to obtain a glimpse of his features, but they were wrapped in the invulnerable gloom of the night.

As he passed I noticed that his horse was a very tall one and that its eyes shone through the darkness like the eyes of a gigantic cat, but with a far more unearthly and ferocious light than that of the docile grimalkin curled up before the fire, speculating profoundly on the rise and fall of stock in the rodent market.

The horseman rode a short distance in advance, holding in his beast occasionally to enable us to catch up. It was a hard task to do so. The rain was descending in torrents. The wind howled and whistled across the moor. At every step we sank above our boot tops and often almost to our knees.

A vivid flash of lightning shot across our way. For an instant the features of our mysterious guide and the form of his steed were revealed. He was half turned in his saddle and was glancing back at where we were floundering behind. His face was like the face of a skeleton covered over with tightly drawn skin, through which two malicious eyes gleamed with a vindictiveness that was startling in its intensity. Over his form and over that of his horse were cast some long robes that looked like the trappings of a funeral car, the horse's head being also enveloped, save for two eyelets, through which it surveyed us with the blazing eyes of an unbroken mustang. The rider wore a tall hat like those worn by our forefathers 100 years ago and with something fastened around the brim that I could have sworn was a bow of crape.

"For God's sake, stop, Hugh!" I cried, holding his arm. "Did you see that fellow's face? I do believe he is no living man. Not of our world anyhow."

Hugh McClure was as practical a Scotchman as ever failed to appreciate a joke or pass an examination in Edinburgh university.

Through the opaque night I could feel his withering glance of scorn as he made answer, "If you want to talk of ghosts in the middle of this God forsaken spot in this heaven condemned weather, you can do so, Percy, but you shan't have me for an audience," and he forged on, calling to our guide:

"In the name of the first pilot, how long will it be before you can steer us to the world again?"

The hollow voice came echoing back: "One mile to the right is a cottage where we can find shelter. Come on!"

"A mile of this!" wailed Hugh. "Oh, my sins have been many, but what I suffer tonight should atone for all!"

We had, however, passed the worst portion of our journeying, and the footing now became more secure. Still the rain descended in sheets, and the wind blew with a force that oftimes threatened to sweep us off our feet.

Like a far distant star we at length saw a light ahead. It appeared, then disappeared, then appeared again.

"There is the cottage," said our guide. "We will reach it soon now."

"What a mean fellow not to offer us a lift on his horse!" grumbled Hugh. "I certainly have enough trouble to keep my own footing not to have to guide a horse over these bottomless holes, but he might have been civil enough to make the offer anyway."

We were now proceeding over the soft, damp turf of the moor, and I had frequently stopped from time to time to feel if the horse left any tracks behind him. Not the trace of a track could I find.

"Hugh," I whispered, "that horse is leaving no tracks behind him."

"Do stop your ghost stories," said Hugh impatiently. "Anyhow, restrain them until we get out of this lost part of Scotland."

After half an hour's trudging we stood before the cabin from whence the light had proceeded. It was a small, mud walled concern covered with a thick roof of thatch. Two little windows on either side of the narrow door had their shutters up, and through the jagged chinks the rays of a strong illumination within shone brightly.

"Go right in and make yourselves at home, while I take my horse to stable," said our mysterious guide as he turned off to the rear of the hut.

We pushed open the door. The apartment we entered was a large one, much larger than the outside of the hut would lead us to believe, but what astonished us the most was the luxurious manner in which it was furnished. Heavy tapestries covered the four walls, a thick Turkish carpet was spread upon the floor, four chairs of solid mahogany, two lounges of the same material, all upholstered in the richest velvet, a huge bureau of polished pine and a mahogany table were situated in various parts of the room, the lounges standing temptingly before the wood fire that crackled up the chimney unrestrained by any grate. A hanging lamp suspended from the cross beam, whose shade seemed studded, if not with actual jewels, with wonderful imitations thereof, cast a brilliant, almost dazzling, light over all.

"Well," said Hugh as soon as he could realize the situation, "This seems like a fairy tale, but then in a fairy tale this would be an enchanted castle and not an enchanted hut. Ah, but those lounges look tempting, however! This must be some great man's shooting box, though it looked very unlike one from the outside as well as I could see. That man you took for a ghost must be the owner. His invitation for us to make ourselves at home sounded as if he was. Well, I would not mind meeting such a ghost again under like circumstances, from which circumstances, however, may heaven forefend!"

We were so tired and wet, and this apartment being evidently the only one in the house, we proceeded to undress and hang up our garments to dry. Under one of the sofas Hugh had discovered two dressing gowns of superb finish, which we calmly appropriated, and our host delayed so long about rejoining us we lay down on the lounges and were soon sleeping as warm and weary wayfarers alone can sleep.

What sounded like the clash of a mighty cymbal brought me erect on my feet and wide awake after enjoying a much needed and refreshing sleep. I looked about. The lamp had gone out. So, too, had the fire. But in the center of the room a pillar of light seemed to descend from the roof to the floor. In the midst of the pillar was the upright form of a venerable old man. His head was thrown back, his long, white hair falling in a mass over his shoulders. His great beard covered his entire chest. He was clad in an ox's skin, fastened by a hempen girdle. His bare arms, powerful and sinewy, were bound behind him to a shadowy stake, and his naked feet—merciful heavens!—were resting upon live coals of fire. On looking closer at the face I saw a look of hopeless, unspeakable anguish thereon, but not a moan escaped from the writhing lips. As I stood horror stricken, a sweet female voice rose and swelled in a weird wild chant of heart piercing sadness. The words were Gallic, but the tones in which they floated through the silence of the room were the tones of a soul to whom hope is lost forever. As it ended, a mocking laugh rang loud outside the window and was followed by a horse's neigh. We knew from the cold blast that rushed in that some one had opened the door. Simultaneously the specter disappeared. I felt an awesome presence not of earth approaching.

Hugh's voice gasped in my ear, "For God's sake, let us fly!"

Dressed only in the gowns we had discovered, we rushed madly to the door. As we passed its threshold, we heard behind us a yell of disappointed rage that made the blood run cold in our veins.

We dashed on blindly, panic stricken. At length toward morning we met a party of hunters, who at first very naturally took us for a pair of escaped lunatics roaming aimlessly on the moor and clad in two old tattered, mildewed dressing gowns that had seemed such handsome dresses when we first saw them in the hut. On our relating our adventures their voices rose in a mutual cry of astonishment.

"Awee! Aweel!" exclaimed the eldest of the hunters, a grizzled veteran, with the snows of some 60 winters on his head. "Ye air th' first men that ever slep' in the laird's hut and lived to tell the tale."

We begged him to explain, for sick and scared as we were we were anxious to know what we had escaped from.

"The hut," said the old hunter, "was occupied o'er 80 years agone by the laird of Knockeranie, the eighth of the name. On his young wife dying he betook himself and his infant daughter to it. He furnished it from the castle. Then he shut himself out from the world. No one ever saw him, but when his daughter got to be a guid pert girl she used to be heard singing, tho' few e'er cast eyes on her. It was said that the laird had mickle gowd hid in the hut, and one night robbers broke in, killed the daughter and her father after almost burning his feet off trying to make him tell where his money was hid. A horse and his rider were found drowned in the marsh next morning, and they do say he was one of the murderers, for blood stains the water could not remove were on his clothes. He is said to haunt the marsh yet, so's to bring lost folks to the hut whar the murder was, and whoever enters the door is never seen again."

I tell the story as it happened. Whether we were suffering from temporary aberration, caused by the germs of a fever that laid us low for many days, I leave for others to decide, but Hugh and I often gaze in awe at the old dressing gowns we still possess, the relics of that terrible night.—Vere V. Hunt in Chicago Tribune.

Skins of Fruit.

The skins of fruit should never be eaten, not because they are not palatable or digestible or are unhealthy in themselves, but on account of the danger arising from microbes which have penetrated into the covering of the fruit. Everybody has noticed that at times a slight scratch will create a considerable sore on the human body. It is generally ascribed to an unhealthy condition of the blood, but a close microscopical examination will show that it is due to the presence of microbes thus introduced into the system. So with an apple, a peach, a pear or a grape. The fruit may be perfectly sound and healthy, but on the skin or covering may be microbes, which, introduced into the human system, will breed disease. These germs are not uncommon; neither are they always present. It is possible to eat this covering without injury, but the danger is such that it is best not to incur the risk.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Jack Tar's Scheme.

Many years ago an Englishman employed an honest tar who had quit the sea as a gardener. Jack had no sooner entered his service than he found himself much annoyed by a dog who nightly invaded the garden. One morning the sailor reached the garden before the dog had left and made him captive. As soon as he had seized the animal, Jack deliberately took a spade, cut off the dog's tail and set him at liberty. Shortly after the owner entered the garden and inquired if the dog still annoyed the gardener. "He'll never trouble us again," replied Jack, "I caught him this morning, unshipped his rudder and set him off before the wind, and hang me if he will be able to steer his way back."—Exchange.

We believe Johnson's Magnetic Oil a most excellent remedy for neuralgia, rheumatism, lame back and soreness of every kind. $1.00 bottles 50 cts. J. H. HARDIN, J. HICKS BUNTING. †

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use: that he would not be without it procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

POOR PIE

is responsible for many of man's (and woman's) physical woes—but the pie needn't be poor, and it may bring joy instead of woe. How? Use nothing but COTTOLENE for shortening and the pie crust will be delicate, flaky, delicious, and so healthful that even a dyspeptic can eat freely of it and be comfortable. COTTOLENE can't be equaled as a shortening, and is *absolutely* healthful. Genuine has this trade mark on every pail. Take no other. Sold everywhere.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
ST. LOUIS and
CHICAGO.

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Politeness of Swedes.

"The unfailing politeness of the Swedes is a constant source of wonder and astonishment to visitors," said George C. Trumon of New York. "They have a large assortment of bows and courtesies according to the age and sex of those who are thus recognized, but the lifting of the hat is so universal that it seems to be going all the time. Even the butcher's boy in meeting the baker's assistant, instead of passing him with a careless 'hello!' or giving him a friendly buffet, as an American lad might do, doffs his hat to him with elaborate courtesy."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

In the heart of London is a public newsroom without a librarian or any one to look after the papers. They are chained and padlocked so they cannot be carried off. Little damage is done, and the room is usually quiet and orderly.

Missouri grows 219,00,000 bushels of corn, 36,000,000 of oats, 20,000,000 of wheat and 13,000,000 pounds of tobacco. The lead product has exceeded 100,000,000 pounds in a single year, and the zinc has equaled 12,500 tons a year.

Miss Mary McGreevy of Indianapolis does not seem to share the supposed feminine desire for an elaborate wedding. She was married the other day to John Perry, and the ceremony occupied exactly 2½ seconds by the watch.

The Egyptians moved great masses of stone without the aid of machines. Large blocks were drawn up inclined planes of earth or stone. Sometimes 500 men were required to draw one block into its proper position.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute		6
Standard	7½@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	12½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	9½@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb	@	8½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	7 @	7¼
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@	20
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	38½
Virginia Meal	55 @	57½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle	@	70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	35
Adamantine	12 @	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—		
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	7@8
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	50
EGGS— ₩ dozen	@	
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	12 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ half-barrel	@	2 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—		
Western, low grade	3 25 @	3 50
" Extra	3 75 @	4 25
" Straight	3 25 @	
Second Patent	3 50 @	
First Patent	4 25 @	4 50
" City Mills	@	2 50
" Family	3 25 @	
GLUE, ₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	57½@	
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	57½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	57½
Oats, from store	@	44
Oats, Rust Proof	@	50
Cow Peas	85 @	1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	4
Dry	@	8½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	9½@	9½
North Carolina	9@9½	
LIME, ₩ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	15 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	12 00 @	16 00
Dressed Flooring	18 00 @	22 00
Sounding and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	26
" " in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	@	27½
" in bbls	@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	@	14
" in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in hhds	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 50d basis	1 00 @	1 10
PORK, ₩ bbl—		
City Mess	@	14 50
Rump	@	14 00
Prime	@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	12
SALT, ₩ sack—		
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	
American	@	50
4 lbs ₩ Sack	45 @	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, A M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	3 00 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grain'd	@	4½
Standard A	@	4½
White Ex. C	@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden	@	4
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP— Northern	3½@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	11
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	6 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	@	3½
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	1
North Carolina	1 00 @	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Unwashed	15 @	
Clean of burr	16 @	
Dyers	@	
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4 @	5
" Uplan	3½@	4
" Patna	4 @	5
RAGS, ₩ lb	@	1½
OIL CAKE, ₩ ton	@	1
POTATOES, ₩ bbl—		
Sweet	2 00 @	2 50
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 75 @	3 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 27½ cents per gallon bid.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 10 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1 20 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—Quiet.

Ordinary	3¾ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5¼ " "
Low Middling	5 13-16 " "
Middling	6¼ " "
Good Middling	6 9-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	5 bales
Spirits Turpentine	18 casks
Rosin	153 bbls
Tar	45 bbls
Crude Turpentine	88 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 3—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent. and closing offered at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@488½ for sixty days and 493¾@494¼ for demand. Commercial bills 487@487¼. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 112½; United States twos 96½; State bonds steady; North Carolina fours 103; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds active.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 3—Evening. Cotton easy; middling gulf 7 1-16c; middling uplands 6 13 16c.

Futures closed steady with sales of 107,100 bales as follows: May 6.71c; June 6.83c; July 6.88c; August 6.73; September 6.75c; October 6.79; November 6.88c; December 6.88c; January 6 94c; February 6.99c; March 7.04c.

Net receipts —— bales; gross receipts 4,814 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; exports to France —— bales; exports to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 430 bales; sales 723 bales, sales to spinners 238 bales; stock (actual) 233,059 bales.

Weekly net receipts 1,869 bales; gross receipts 34,951 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,119 bales; exports to France 690 bales; exports to the Continent 3,312 bales; forwarded 4,097 bales; sales 44 534 bales; sales to spinners 634 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 7,390 bales; exports to Great Britain 13,339 bales; exports to France 16,316 bales; exports to the Continent 7,235 bales; stock 645,800 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 55,483 bales; exports to Great Britain 62,318 bales; to France 8,639 bales; to the Continent 49,888 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,592,307 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,149,578 bales; exports to France 749,464 bales; exports to the Continent 2,238,035 bales.

Flour firm and buyers holding off; winter wheat, low grades $2 30@$2 75; fair to fancy grades $2 85@3 30; patents $3 40@3 75; Minnesota clear $3 75@3 15; do. patents $3 50@4 60; low extras $2 30@2 75; city mills $3 55@3 65; Southern flour quiet and firm; common to fair extra $2 35@3 10, good to choice do. $3 20@3 70. Wheat dull and firmer with options; No. 2 red in store and a televator 68½c; afloat 70c; options were less active and irregular, closing steady at ¼@⅝c advance; No. 2 red May 68¼c; June 69¼c; July 69¼c; August 69¾c; September 69⅝ December 71¾c. Corn dull and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 57¾c asked; afloat 58¾c asked; steamer mixed 54¾@58¾c; options advanced ⅜@⅝; May 54¾c; luly 54¾c; September 55¼c. Oats dull and firmer; options quiet and firmer; May and June 33c; July 33¾c; No. 2 white May 37c; spot—No. 2, 33c; No. 2 white 37¾c; mixed Western 33¼@34½c. Hay firm; spring 55@60c; good to choice 75@80. Wool firm and quiet; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@33. Beef quoted slow and firm; family $11 00@13 00; extra mess $

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."
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THE CENTAUR CO., 77 MURRAY ST., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. Weshall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete without an ideal
COMPLEXION
POWDER.
POZZONI'S
Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.
Insist upon having the genuine.
IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
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WE OFFER TO THOSE WANTING
INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE
Policies in this Old and Reliable Home Institution. All losses promptly paid.
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FOR MAN AND BEAST!
Mexican Mustang Liniment
CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Pilos.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY
accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.
The **Lumberman** needs it in case of accident.
The **Housewife** needs it for general family use.
The **Cannier** needs it for his teams and his men.
The **Mechanic** needs it always on his work bench.
The **Miner** needs it in case of emergency.
The **Pioneer** needs it—can't get along without it.
The **Farmer** needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The **Steamboat man or the Boatman** needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The **Horse-fancier** needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The **Stock-grower** needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The **Railroad man** needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The **Backwoodsman** needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The **Merchant** needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

THE ENGLISH SPEECH.

Oh, the English speech! How true it rings!
How masterful and chaste
Fit vehicle for greatest things
That mortal men may hear.
Freemen of spirit, noblest thought
Their songs Christ have sung,
And laws of highest justice wrought
In this majestic tongue.

In stern, defiant, tempest tones
Its battle shouts arise,
Pelting the coward's heart like stones,
Shaking the vanish'd skies.
But, oh, what frank and hearty mirth
Doth English speech reveal
When Peace, God's angel, walks the earth
The wounds of war to heal!

There's not an impulse of the mind
Or feeling of the heart
But may its full expression find
In this consummate art
Our mother tongue! The English speech!
The ages' masterpiece!
Whose sway around the world doth reach,
And shall, till time doth cease.

Oh, the English speech! How true it rings!
Simple, direct and clear
The speech of freemen, nature's kings,
Language of men sincere!
—W. J. Herbert Hogan in New York Sun.

BELLS OF FOLLY.

Miranda ran into the meadow, laughing. The grassy slope shelved down into the valley, where the wood lay black and still. Daffodils nodded and cowslips bowed as she passed on her way. A lark shot up and rose, singing to heaven. She sped out of the shadow and into the sunlight, and the sound of her young laughter floated down the valley. Echoes joined it there, and the little ravine gurgled with merriment. Miranda stopped, with her chin in the air, and listened. Was it all the echo of her own delight, or was it something more? The peal of her mockery died into the amber copse, and out of it, fresh and clear, a voice trilled merrily on its upward way. Miranda stood and waited.

He came up the bank of wild flowers, his face bright with the love of life and laughter, and at the sight of her he paused. The two faced each other for awhile in silence, and then a smile ran round Miranda's lips and the young man's eyes sparkled with merriment.

"I took your laughter for a signal," said he, making his beaming salutations, "but I reckoned little upon so charming an assignation."

"It was but a signal of the spring, sir," says she, with a dainty bow.

"Nay," he replied. "I make no such distinctions between the seasons. I laugh the whole year through. It is the manner of the wise. You will perceive my jocund humor, fair mistress. Believe me, 'tis not the whim of an hour contrived by the guiles of a spring morning, but a very settled disposition of the mind. I am broad based upon gayety."

"Ah, to be gay!" cried Miranda. "To be gay is to live."

"Life is at our feet," said the merry youth. "I take an infinite pleasure in its complexities. Believe me, nothing should matter, save the twinkling of an eye or the dimpling of a cheek."

"You are right," said Miranda, smiling. "How can one have enough of laughter?"

"We are of one mind," he answered pleasantly. "Let us go into our corner and be merry together."

"Why not?" says Miranda. "Why not?"

"There are 10,000 pleasures in this silly world," he went on, "and, for myself, I have not yet exhausted the tenth part of them. Count my years, then, and make threescore and ten the dividend, and what remains? Pack them into the hours never so neatly, and you will not exhaust the store. And that is why I am a spendthrift of pleasures. I eke not out my delights. I would burn 20 in a straw hat out of sheer caprice and toss a dozen to the ducks upon the lake for pity."

"Yes, yes," agreed Miranda.

"Time," he continued, with fine scorn, "time has discovered us a conspiracy of the ages to inthrone this melancholy. But we are no traitors to our rightful being, you and I, and we will clap a crown upon the head of laughter, and lay the usurper by the heels in his proper dungeon."

"He were better there," replied Miranda thoughtfully.

"There is never a care," he resumed, "upon which we may not trample, not a trouble which we may not forget. What a fool is he who would nurse his sorrow and not bury it in the deepest grave!"

"What a fool!" murmured Miranda dreamily.

"Should one lose a friend? A fig for friendship!" quoth he. "Does one cast a lover? A snap for a hundred lovers! What has been remains, and what is shall be."

Miranda said nothing.

"Subtract love from life," said the young man, "and life remains. I would have the world know that love is a pleasant cipher, an amiable and entertaining mood, and that life is left when love is lost. There is no love. It were more truly writ in the plural and spelled with a small letter."

Miranda turned upon him swiftly. "Fie! Fie!" said she, and the light flashed in her eyes. "I know nothing of this love, but I dare swear there be things that matter. Take these from life, and what will rest over? Is there not sorrow, and is there not pain? Is there not remorse, and is there not the thing called sin? I know nothing of these. I am too young to the world. But there they stand, sir, importuning at our doors with outstretched arms, and one has only to lift the latch to let them in. You would deny the very pulse of human nature when you ignore these evils. You would forswear the very weaknesses which have composed for you your sentiments."

In the excitement of her retort Miranda's face flushed and grew bright. Wide eyed the young man stared at her and forgot to laugh, and when she had done his head dropped, and he sighed.

"Ah," she said, "you sigh. You yourself have felt and suffered. You have belied yourself. You sigh. There are facts in life even for sighs."

"'Tis true," he answered softly, "yet I sighed for pleasure."

"What pleasure?" she asked curiously.

"Or it may be hope," he added.

He looked at her, and his gaze was mild and wistful. She regarded him in perplexity, and then a wild flush took her in the cheek and throat.

"Pooh, pooh!" she cried, and turned off, plucking at the hawthorn bush. The white may smelled rank, but strange and soothing. The petals shivered and fell. Miranda's heart beat on, wondering. Something clapped at its doors again and again. Would she open? What was this impatient visitor that pleaded so for entrance? She had so little knowledge. She was but newly arrived upon the world. Her emotions were still strangers to her. She was a pilgrim still among her new sensations. Ought she to open? Nay, to stay so and wonder was surely pleasantest. One day she would throw wide the doors and look. But now it was sweet to feel that hand upon the knocker, that clutching at the latch, and lie trembling within in feigned insecurity. She turned and faced him. Straightway the clamor ceased, and in her heart was silence. She looked him coldly in the face.

"You smile for love?" she asked.

"Yes, dear," said he, "and for the thought of you."

"Oh, you take me too lightly," she broke out. "You do not guess what a solemn thing this love may be. You flutter into a thousand follies on the scantiest refection. You will dance, and you will sing, and you will gaily jangle through your holiday world without a thought for anything but pirouettes and jigs and whirligigs of laughter. The most sonorous of sacred sorrows may sound in your ears, and wake no echo but a jape within your heart. And you would put me upon that dead plane of ribald merriment with yourself? I will laugh with you. Yes. I will go beg of you for jests in my jocund seasons. I am willing to shriek over your whimsicalities at my own pleasure. In my serene unthinking moments I will be content to exchange humors with you, and to vow that life were more than void and dull were not such as you at my beck. But when I have opened my chamber and fastened the door upon myself my soul and I shall be alone together, and I will weep and pity and repent and ache out my heart with sorrows in which you can have no lot. I am young, but I have an inkling of what the world may mean."

"The world," said he, "means happiness."

"The world," she retorted, "means tears and bitter wringing of the hands. Have I not heard of death? And have I not seen pain? You think me gay, yet how long shall I keep this gayety in my heart? I go round upon the wheel. It turns and changes. What shall befall tomorrow that I should not weep today? You would pluck me with no greater consideration than you would pick a flower from its stalk wherewith to deck your coat. Should it wither or fall adust, another will serve until the coming of the wine. Look you, you will sigh and weep for love, and your sighs will be smiles, and your tears will be laughter. Forthright your heart is singing like a lark. Yours! Yours is the shallowest of paltry passions."

"I would do much for you," said he. "Give up your dimples," cried Miranda, "and so to the churchyard with a wry face!"

"Even that," he answered, nodding.

"Pah!" said she, "you will not contain your face lugubriously for five minutes by the clock. Though you shall remember to be sober for two sentences, at the third you will be whistling, and the fourth will find you holding your sides."

He moved a step toward her.

"And if I should die for you?" he asked pleadingly.

Miranda gasped. She contemplated his face with uncertainty. His eyes shone with the dew of tears. His hands trembled. It was the corner of his mouth betrayed him. Miranda burst into laughter.

"You!" she cried. "You! Why, you would forget my coffin as it passed, and the color of my face ere my back was upon you. See here," she said, "I will give you to the hedge for misery, but I swear you will take the lane as jauntily as an hour since. Get you gone, my merry man, and come again to dispute with me in an idle humor. Fie, fie, to think on you and death in the same company!"

He sighed and turned away.

"You have the smallest heart of any maid I know," he said, shaking his head.

"The better for my laughter," laughed Miranda.

He moved across the meadow, his head hanging, his eyes downcast, his stick dragging among the daisies. Miranda stared after him, her lips parted in amusement. He climbed the stile, and stopping on the topmost step turned to her again.

"I have at least one solace," he called across the meadow. "I shall forget your fickle face by night."

Miranda's laughter touched the skies and ceased. Her face fell thoughtful. She sighed and shrugged her dainty shoulders.—H. B. Marriott-Watson in Sketch.

How to Express It.

"I'm so sorry supper isn't ready," said Mrs. Dinsmore to her husband when he came in. "I attended the meeting of the sewing circle this afternoon, and I couldn't get away."

"Hemmed in, were you?" asked her husband.—Detroit Free Press.

What's Popular.

"Do you think it improves a story to have a moral?" said the young literary man.

"Not commercially," replied his friend. "It's the story with an immoral that pays nowadays."—Washington Star.

ONLY ONCE LUCKY.

A Millionaire Tells How He Lost $37 When a Boy and Found It Again.

"What is the luckiest thing that ever happened to you?" somebody asked of the millionaire.

"Do you mean sheer, unadulterated luck, something that just happens without any seeking on your part?" replied the millionaire, throwing away a half smoked perfecto and taking another out of his case.

"Well, yes, let it go at that."

"I am generally accounted a very lucky man by the thousand and one people who know more about me than I do myself. But, on my honor, what I call a genuine piece of good luck has come to me only once in my life. It wasn't amount to much, though it meant much to me at the time. It was when I was filling my first job—that of an errand boy at $3 a week—and I tell you I have never since felt so rich as when I carried home my first $3.

"I had been given a check to cash and a bill to pay. After paying the bill I had just $37 of my employer's money left. I had just crossed Broadway when, happening to look back, I saw two men fighting in the street. I was enough of a boy then to take a keen interest in anything like a 'scrap.' I retraced my steps to see what it was all about. To my amazement and surprise I discovered that the two men were fighting about the $37 and the receipted bill, which in some mysterious fashion had dropped out of my pocket. A policeman happening along at that moment, I was able to prove that I had a better right to the property in dispute than either of the two combatants and recovered it forthwith. They had each grabbed for it at the same time, and each was bound to get all or none—luckily for me. I have often speculated upon what might have happened if they hadn't quarreled. I should never have recovered the money, and in consequence I should certainly have lost my situation. That might have changed the whole current of my career, and instead of being a rich man I might today have been a poor devil, or I might have been twice as rich as I am. Who knows? Anyway I regard it as the only piece of downright, simon pure, unmistakable piece of good luck that ever befell me. But any Tom, Dick or Harry that you chance to meet will be able to tell you lots of luckier things that have happened to me—some of them things that I had worked at for years."—New York Herald.

The First European Almanac.

The first almanac printed in Europe, or in the world for that matter, was the "Kalendarium Novum," compiled by one Rellmontanus and published at Buda, Hungary, in the year 1475. But one perfect copy is known to be in existence, and that is one in the British museum.—St. Louis Republic.

THE TREASURE KEY.

A Discovery That Opened the Riches of Eastern Literature.

It is not a fairy tale that I am going to tell you, though I do take you far away to the orient, to the land of the lotus flower, the land of the pyramids, of the obelisks and the Nile, but a story true in word and fact.

It is the story of a key, before which vast treasure houses, impenetrable for ages, opened their doors. And when the portals were thrown wide the searchers gazed upon vistas containing riches of which their wildest imaginings had never dreamed.

It is not a key of gold, though its value is more than its weight in that precious metal, nor is it shaped like a key at all. And the wealth it unlocked is not only for its finders, but for all that desire to partake of it, for all posterity, for you and for me. I speak of the Rosetta stone, which is now in the British museum.

Many ages ago Ptolemy Epiphenes, king of Egypt, paid the arrears of taxes and other debts of the priesthood of Egypt, and in thanks and to show their respect for his consideration the priesthood, at a synod held in Memphis, passed a decree commemorating it. The decree was cut into stone, as that was the mode of preserving a record of historical events. This happened about 195 years before the Christian era.

You must know that the Egyptians had a different mode of writing from ours. They used hieroglyphics or picture writing, and this, after great research, has been discovered to be the written interpretation of sounds.

That a record of Epiphenes' deed might not be lost the Egyptians had the decree written in three different languages, the hieroglyphic, the demotic and the Greek. This was done as a precaution, because, as the country had many dialects, a language once in use was likely to die out in time. So by making this trilingual copy of the event, each a translation of the other, it was likely to be preserved.

Years passed, and the dust of ages buried from view the stone that was destined to play so important a part in throwing a light upon the shadowy conceptions of modern thinkers regarding the past life and manners and customs of the Egyptians.

This is the origin of the Rosetta stone, but no one in the modern world knew of its existence until the time of Napoleon. He carried his conquering arms all over Europe, and not content with his victories there he invaded Egypt, where he fought the brilliant Egyptian campaign.

While stationed near Rosetta, in lower Egypt, some of the soldiers with the French engineer, M. Boussard, found, while excavating in the historical soil, a block of stone of black basalt, about 3½ feet in length and a little more than 2½ feet in width. On it they saw strange and unintelligible writing or drawings. It was the Rosetta stone, so called from the name of the place where it was found, but they did not dream how precious their discovery would prove.

And it was not until about 15 years had passed that even one word was translated. Dr. Young in 1815 made out the word Ptolemy, and he it was who discovered that the writing was phonetic and not ideographic, as had been supposed. But the key had not yet done its work, for, like Aladdin and his lamp, the talisman had not yet been conquered.

Dr. Young, continuing his research, deciphered the word Berenice among the pictorial writings of the frescoes at Karnak. But it is to Champolion that most of the credit is due, for he continued the research unremittingly, and finally his labors were crowned with victory. The translation of the Rosetta stone was completed—that is to say, so far as the stone itself is complete, for one part of it is broken off.

It was not an easy task to conquer, but one well worth the attempt, and honor will ever redound to the men that undertook and succeeded in opening up the broad field of the literature of the east, the field that glows with glorious deeds and vast achievements, and that for ages baffled the wisest.—Philadelphia Times.

No More Milk.

"There is no more milk in the world," said an old gourmet as he sat at his luncheon at the Manhattan club. "It has gone, and not even a bubble of regret seems to mark the spot where it sank out of sight. Milk, the earliest staff of all generations, is now a thing unknown in polite circles. It's all cream now. It does not matter whether I dine here or in Texas or in California, everywhere the waiters ask: 'Will you take cream in your coffee?' and 'Will you have cream hot or cold?' The good old staple, milk, is no longer called by name. Even in Chicago they call it cream. Milk is tabooed. It has gone out of existence with the word 'woman,' the word 'undertaker,' the word 'dress' and a lot of other noble terms. Now it's always cream, lady, funeral director and gown wherever you go, even in Chicago. And yet the 'cream' is often pale blue and thin, and if it was not served as cream I would swear it was milk, and darned bad milk at that."—New York Sun.

A Real Lake of Fire.

The greatest natural wonder of Hawaii, if not in the entire world, is Lake Dana, or Dana lake, a body of molten lava 10 miles in circumference. To the sightseer the surface of this wonderful lake appears as if it were a sea of redhot water dashing against the cliffs which surround it on all sides to a height averaging 100 feet. J. J. Williams of Honolulu, who probably knows more about the volcanic condition of the island than any other living man, says that "this rushing, restless, heaving lake of boiling fire never remains silent or calm for a single instant."—St. Louis Republic.

Not That Kind.

Lady—Have you any celery?
Green Huckster—Not much, ma'am—only $8 a week.—Detroit Free Press.

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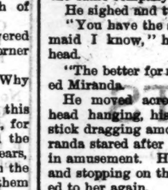

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DIMES COME SLOW.
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We carry Dry Goods in all of its classes. The month of May is now here and it is time to move our light-weight Spring Goods. Our Millinery Department, on the second floor of our store, has been crowded for the past thirty days, and our sales have been splendid. We have been daily receiving the newest line of Hats, Flowers and Ribbon that can be found. Our Millinery Stock is well known throughout the State as well as in this city. We have quite a nice supply of the New Ribbons and Veilings, and all the latest Hats out. All we can say is this, if you see fit to add your patronage to the Cash Racket Store, as a customer, in our Millinery Department, you can buy your goods for less money than elsewhere, and get your children's hats trimmed free. We trim all hats we sell and the trimming is free. We have a very handsome line of Men's Hats, the cheapest we have ever been able to offer. We bought 20 dozen imported samples in straw; there are some as fine hats as can be bought regularly for $1.50 each. We sell them for 38, 49 and 69c each; only one of a kind; it is only one-third the price on these goods. Our stock of Boys' Hats are all cheap. In Men's and Boys' Derbys we have a job lot of skilled, new and good style Derbys at 45c, worth $1.00. Men's Alpine fine felt hats from 40 and 45c up to $1.00. Our line of 50c hats are not bad hats at all. In Mens' and Boys' Neck Wear we can help you to a nice White Satin Bow, worth 25c, for 10c. Batteen Ties 5c. Neck Ties from 10c up to 25c. Remember our fast black Hose for 10c, and other socks in proportion. Come to us for Dress Goods, Dress Silks, Wash Silks, Apron Checks, White Lawns, &c. Five hundred yards White Lawns in short lengths, from 1 to 50 inches, at 5c, worth 15 and 20c. This is the biggest job you ever saw; think of it, good lawn 40 inches wide and worth 20c, now 5c. Come and look at it and if you don't want it don't buy it. We have all the new Spring Dress Goods that your heart may wish, and at prices that are sure to please. We are on Front street, opposite the Market House.

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A beautiful line of Percales, worth 12½c, 9c.
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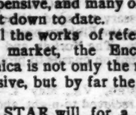

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT APRIL 27, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Wagaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 p m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.39 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.40 p m, Petersburg 5.40 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.55 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.56 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.39 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.45 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 6.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.37 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkinson 8.00 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.00 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 3.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 8.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 2.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.10 a m, Columbia 8.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 2.00 a m, Augusta 3.10 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkinson 7.04 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 25 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leave Tarboro 4 50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 9 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4 30 p m; arrive Atkins 8.15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.31 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.03 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 6.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.35 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.39 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

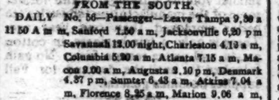
Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.00 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m., 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 5.08 p m, Dunn 5.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, leave Rowland 9 35 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 a m, Selma 12.32 a m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.29 p m.

Trains Ive Pregall's 8.30 a m, Summerton 9.43 a m, Sumter 10.35 a m, Darlington 11.55 a m, Bennettsville 12.43 p m, arrive Hamlet 1.40 p m Returning leave Hamlet 2.20 p m, Bennettsville 3.00 p m, Darlington 3.52 p m, Sumter 5.11 p m, Summerton 5.58 p m, arrive Pregnall's 7.21 p m.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. mar 26 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.		SOUTH BOUND	
4	8			1	3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	Lv	M	P M
1.30	7 00

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1895

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Civil Service Commissioner Lyman Resigns—Secretary Gresham Seriously Sick—Treasury Statement—Consular Reports Concerning Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The resignation of Civil Service Commissioner Lyman is undoubtedly in the hands of the President, but no official announcement of the fact can be obtained from either the White House or from Mr. Lyman himself. The latter refuses to talk upon the subject. The announcement of the resignation and the appointment of the new Commissioner will probably become public at the same time, with the announcement of the name of Mr. Roosevelt's successor. Some years ago Mr. Lyman appeared before a Congressional committee to answer to a charge of favoritism towards a relative and other accusations connected with his position as Commissioner. Two reports were made in which Mr. Lyman was severely censured, but the reports never came before the House for action. Since that time a rumor that Mr. Lyman would leave the Commission has been prevalent every few months.

The Treasury circulation statement for April shows that during the month the circulation of all kinds of money in the United States increased $15,949,730, making the total in circulation on May 1, $1,599 434,154, or $23.99 *per capita*. As compared with May 1, 1894, the total circulation has decreased $92,000,000.

The Atlanta finally got away from Key West last night for Greytown, where she is expected to arrive next Monday.

Secretary Gresham, it is feared, is a very sick man. Those most intimately concerned as to his health, make no denial of their anxiety as to his condition. His main affection has been diagnosed as gall stone and this is complicated by the weak physical condition from which the Secretary has suffered for some time past. No visitors are admitted to see the patient, who is confined to his apartments at the Arlington hotel.

The May number of the Consular reports of the Department of State contains a sixty page report on cotton baleing in foreign countries. These reports are an addition to a report published in January, 1894, on "Packing Good for Export." The information given in this report excited strong interest in the cotton trade of the United States and the Department was requested to obtain fuller and more specific data upon the subject. Accordingly, Consular officers were instructed to prepare reports giving dimensions and weights of American, Egyptian, Indian and South American cotton bales received at their ports; describing the covering of bales, the character of material both as to wrapping and bands and the condition in which the cotton is usually received; stating whether American cotton suffers directly or indirectly by comparison with foreign cotton on account of either style or manner of covering or the quality or extent of the compressing; describing compress machinery and covering for cotton bales, cost of compressing, etc, at cotton exporting points, etc.

It is said at the State Department that no attention will be given to the difficulties which threaten Venezuela through English, German, French and Belgian interference, until Secretary Gresham is able to again resume his official duties, provided of course, that action by any or all of these countres does not compel the United States to act promptly. The time of Mr. Gresham's return to the Department is problematical, for even though his recovery be speedy, which is doubtful, it is already contemplated to take him from Washington for a long rest.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Philadelphia—New York 5; Philadelphia 8

Boston—Washington 11; Boston 27.

Richmond—Richmond 10; Roanoke 9

Lexington, Va—St. John's College nine, of Annapolis, defeated the Washington and Lee University nine by a score of 13 to 6.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth 14; Lynchburg 5.

Petersburg—Petersburg 5; Norfolk 5.

Richmond—Richmond 10; Roanoke 9.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Pork Products Closed Lower—Wheat, Corn and Oats Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 3.—Wheat promised to be a weak, declining market, at the opening to-day; turned out later to be one intensely gratifying to the bulls. There were the usual periods of activity and quiet, alternating with each other, but the total business for the day was good. July wheat opened from 64c to 64⅝c, advanced to 65¼c, and closed at 64⅝c—½c higher than yesterday. In the sample department trading was at steady prices, the nominal close being strong with the futures.

The output of corn from the store during the twenty-four hours immediately past was very large. The source of the strength that prevailed at the opening of this market was traceable to the fact that a feeling of confidence was shown by holders and a firm tone ruled throughout the day.

July corn opened at 49c, sold between 48⅞@49 and 50c, closing at 49⅝@¾—⅝@¾c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was steady and ¼@½c higher than yesterday.

Oats were steady. The firmness in corn extended to this grain, a fair business being transacted within a narrow range of prices. Trade was mainly local, no outside orders being received. The close was ½c higher than yesterday for July. Cash oats were easy at yesterday's prices to a shade lower.

Provisions—Armour's brokers were the principal sellers of product to-day. It was not believed that the big packer had changed his views, but rather what his intentions were to weed out the smaller fry and procure the property at lower prices. The receipts of hogs were lighter than expected and that market was a little higher. This strength found its way into provisions at the opening, but was lost later. The close was 20c. lower for July pork; 15c. lower for July lard, and 12½@15c. lower for July ribs.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

BUSINESS SITUATION.

MANIFEST IMPROVEMENT IN MANY LINES OF TRADE.

Improved Demand for Staples and Enlarged Speculation—Special Improvement in Eastern and Middle States and the South and Southwest.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Bradstreet's tomorrow, May 4th, will say: The manifest improvement in many lines of general trade has resulted in an increase in the volume of business, notwithstanding the impending idleness of 9,000 Rhode Island worsted mill operatives and many in other industrial lines.

Industrial unrest now takes the form of striking for higher wages. This week about 50,000 industrial employes, principally coal miners and cotton and woollen mill employes, have struck, and the tendency does not seem to be checked. About 8,000 people are reported to have obtained higher wages without striking.

April bank clearings reflect improved demand for staples, and enlarged speculations in stocks and bonds, wheat, petroleum and cotton in a monthly aggregate which is, with two exceptions, the largest reported since June, 1893. Total April clearings at sixty-one cities re $4,-232,832,999; a gain over 1894 of 14 per cent. and over March of this year of 5 5 per cent. The increase over February is 25 per cent. Three-fourths of all the cities reporting show increases over April, 1894, special improvement being noted in the Eastern and Middle States and in the South and Southwest the far western group alone showing a decrease.

Nashville and Galveston report some little improvement in the volume of business, but they prove the exceptions among southern cities.

Agricultural conditions in Tennessee are favorable.

In Texas, the coast country still needs rains.

At Chattanooga and Augusta the week's business has been of somewhat smaller volume, although at the former some of the manufacturing industries are better employed than one year ago. There is only a fair business in cotton goods, and prices remain firm. No gain is looked for until the demand for Fall supplies becomes general.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell six to ten points, but regained this and closed steady with sales of 107,100 bales. New Orleans declined six points, but recovered this and August advanced two points. Liverpool declined 1-32d. on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales, and futures fell three points, closing quiet and steady. The dissolution was announced of the firm of A. N. Selter & Co. Fall River 1-16c. higher. Fall River advices indicate that New England cotton manufacturers have sold freely ahead, and fair profits are now assured. The consumption is large and the curtailment of the past two years has prevented an accumulation of stocks. Increased business is looked for by cotton mill men. In Manchester, cloths were quiet and yarns in buyers' favor. Spot cotton here was weak and unchanged with sales of 324 bales for spinning and 500 delivered on contract. The Southern spot markets were generally quiet and unchanged. St. Louis advanced 1-16c. New Orleans receipts to-morrow estimated at 3,500 to 3,000 bales, against 5,087 last Saturday and 1,504 last year. The port receipts were 7,039 bales, against 14,746, including "various" last week and 18,365 last year; total for the week 55,488, against 70,483 last week and 41,557 last year. The total interior receipts for the week were 19,185 bales, against 27,516 last week and 13,674 last year; shipments 42,916, against 62,225 last week and 35,597 last year; stocks 163,846, against 188,253 last week and 165,129 last year.

To-day's features—Another exemplification of the steadiness of the undertone of the cotton market was afforded to-day when, in spite of some undeniably bearish news, the market closed steady at practically the same prices as at the end of the session yesterday. Early in the day, it is true, they showed quite a fair decline as a result of confusing reports as to the Japanese treaty, a decline in Liverpool, a depression in Manchester, some cheerful reports in regard to the crop prospects at the South, and quite a little liquidation, not to mention a little bear hammering, but the market looked different later on. It was reported that the Emperor of China had ratified the treaty with Japan, but if this was generally known less attention was paid to it than to some unfavorable crop reports from Texas, and a rumor that the Galveston *News* to-morrow will state that the Texas acreage has been reduced 10 per cent. The crop in Texas is still declared to be late, and private reports positively declare that the acreage will be reduced. Silver was higher. Fall River was active and advancing. The dry goods trade was generally in a better position. Woolen goods are advancing in Europe and this has, of course, indirectly a more or less stimulating effect on the general dry goods trade of the country. A large bull house is understood to have given the market a little support this afternoon, but after all, the rally which took place in the late business was traceable not so much to bullish sustaining orders as to covering by the shorts and buying by the outsiders.

The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1895. Galveston 1,635,840 bales, New Orleans 2,509,000, Mobile 846,787, Savannah 917,928 Charleston 423,943, Wilmington 234,055, Norfolk 457,127, Baltimore 111,677, New York 183,814, Boston 303,186, Newport News 32,984, Philadelphia 104,832, West Point 283,-501, Brunswick 100,025, Velasco 592, Port Royal 149,066. Total 7,692,307 bales.

Total failure for the past seven days as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., are: For the United States 231, against 333 last year, and 34 in Canada against 35 last year.

The warship Atlanta sailed Thursday night from Key West for Greytown, Nicaragua, but returned yesterday morning on account of an accident to her boiler. She will remain there for three or four days for repairs.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 30@30½c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 50@1 52½.

CHARLESTON, May 3—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; receipts 80 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10; receipts 149 barrels.

SAVANNAH, May 3.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c for regulars; sales of 858 casks; receipts 806 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1,500 barrels, receipts 1,860 barrels; following are quotations: A, B and C $1 00. D $1 10, E $1 20 F $1 40, G $1 55, H $1 80, I $1 90, K $2 10, M $2 45, N $2 50, window glass $2 60, water white $2 75.

The Modern Way.

Commends itself to the well informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

THE STRIKE

IN THE MINING DISTRICTS OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Several Coal Cars Burned—Norfolk & Western Railroad People Greatly Alarmed—A Gatling Gun Sent to the Bluefield Militia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, W. VA. May 3.—This afternoon, upon application of the Norfolk & Western road, through its attorney, Judge Jackson issued an injunction restraining the strikers along the Norfolk & Western road from interfering with the United States mails or inter-State traffic. Marshal Garden will put a force of depties in that region at once, to enforce the court's order.

The latest information is that the railroad company is greatly alarmed, as numerous threats have been made, and the temper of the people is such that they expect interference with the movement of their trains.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., May 3.—Reports from the mining districts along the Norfolk and Western roads are of a more serious character than yesterday. Several coal cars are reported burned at different points along the line. About 100 colored miners from the Elkhorn region came to this city last night on a freight train and started East by foot, claiming they were going to the mines on New River. Some think they are lurking in these parts with a view of destroying property down on this end of the line of the N. & W. A Gatling gun was sent to the Bluefield militia this morning.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 3.—A special dispatch from Elkhorn, West Virginia, to the *News* says:

There were few developments in the strike situation to-day; probably the most notable was the meeting held at Powhattan. Reports had gained currency among the miners that J. W. Lawless, the mine worker's organizer, had been placed here on a salary by rival fields to induce a strike to divert trade from this field. The meeting was called and Lawless, who was on North Fork, was sent for. It is needless to say that he denied the charge and denounced the author, placing it on enemies of the miners. The miners at Pocahontas decided not to come out. This will precipitate trouble. It may not occur before Sunday, however, at the meeting at that place, when it is expected the attendance will reach five to six thousand.

The operators from this district went to Bluefield to-day to confer with the road officials as to the propriety of starting their works soon. Strong opposition to this will be made, yet there are indications of divisions among the miners, some wanting to return to work.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., May 3.—Reports to-night received here from the mines along the Ohio extension of the Norfolk & Western Railroad say that the miners are almost all out and that the non-union men are joining the strikers, who are said to be armed in some places but have not yet committed any violence. The mine owners are demanding protection from the United States marshal in some cases and it will probably be given.

The two regiments of State militia here have been ordered to be ready to move at the call of the Governor should it be necessary to send them. Many miners from the Elkhorn passed through here to-day. The Norfolk and Western road have put on guards to protect their property.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 4.—A telegram was recieved to-night about 12.30 a. m., from Governor O'Ferrall, ordering the Home Guard to proceed by the first train to Pocahontas, the scene of the miners' strike. The town bell was rung at 1 o'clock, and the military proceeded to gather at the armory. At this hour (1.45 a. m.) they are fully equipped, and will leave on the 5.35 train for Pocahontas.

ROANOKE, VA., May 3.—The Roanoke Light Infantry and Roanoke Machine Works Guards, of this city, received orders from Richmond to-night to prepare to go to Graham, Va., in the morning, and are now hurriedly preparing to do so.

RICHMOND, VA., May 3.—The Richmond Howitzers, twenty-four strong, with a three-inch rifled gun and their Gatling gun left for the coal fields at midnight.

Louis Shaner, the man who killed Jim Wallace at Danville, on Sunday night last, surrendered himself to his brother, Mr. Walter Shaner, at Lynchburg, and will be taken to Danville to-day.

COTTON BROKERS FAIL.

The Junior Partner Decamped With a Lot of the Senior's Money.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.—A notice of dissolution of partnership of the firm of A. N. Selter & Co., cotton brokers, was posted on the New York Cotton Exchange to-day, accompanied by a request that all parties holding open contracts with the firm should immediately make comparisons with A. N. Selter to ascertain whether any discrepancies existed. An explanation of this request was made to the members of the Exchange by A. N. Selter. He said that John Boyle, the junior partner in the firm, had decamped over night, taking with him a large amount of the firm's money. Mr. Selter declined to state the amount taken. He said, however, that he was still solvent and would go on with the business. Boyle, it is thought, has been speculating in cotton in New Orleans, or on some other Cotton Exchange on his own account. So far, no trace of him has been found.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

WEAK WOMEN AND WEARY MEN.

Require "A Friend In Need." Such a Friend Can Be Found In

Warner's Safe Cure.

It Is Admittedly the Standard Remedy for Bright's Disease, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Difficulties, and Female Complaints.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Argument in the U. S. Court on the Registration Law Injunction Cases.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 3.—The hearing in the South Carolina registration law injunction cases, involving the constitutionality of registration laws, is slowly progressing. This morning when the Court met at eleven o'clock, M. C. A. Douglass, for complainants, began a powerful argument completely riddling the laws, pointing out endless points of unconstitutionality. He also argued at great length upon the question of the jurisdiction of the Court. There are to be four arguments, General Edward McCready, the framer of the 1882 law, closing the case on the part of the State. The hearing will hardly be concluded before to-morrow or Monday. While public interest in this case is at fever heat it does not compare with that manifested in the hearing of the dispensary injunction case yet to be called. It is thought that Judge Goff will have a number of constables before him for contempt, upon the calling of the case, before the hearing is proceeded with.

POWDER MILL EXPLOSION.

Four Men Killed—The Buildings Destroyed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CONCORD, MASS., May 3.—The three powder mills owned by the American Powder Mills Co., situated near the boundary line of Concord, Acton and Maynard were blown up shortly after 9 o'clock this morning, and three of the employes, named Clemmens, Jones and Smith, were killed. The other employes are believed to have escaped. The mills were located in a secluded place, four miles from the centre of this town, and details of the affair have not yet been received here. It is known, however, that the first mill exploded at three minutes past nine o'clock from some cause which may never be known. The second mill went up immediately from the jar of the first explosion. This set fire to the grain which ignited the third mill some ten minutes later. The financial loss cannot be stated at present, as it is not known how much powder there was on hand. The buildings were small, cheap affairs.

LATER—The property destroyed consisted of two kernelling mills and one press mill. Four men were killed—Nelson Morton, Fred Winslow, Charles Estes and Albert Estes. The explosions set the woods on fire, and a large magazine is in danger.

VICTORY FOR THE CUBANS.

Spanish Troops Surprised and Nearly Five Hundred Killed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, Fla., May 2nd,—Passengers arriving on the Plant steamship to-night confirm the account of the Cuban victory. They assert that Gen. Maximo Gomez with the forces of Pique Perez and Gen. Masco, numbering 3,500 infantry and 300 cavalry, attempted to invade the province of Camaguay.

While on their march Gen. Salcedo hastened with 3,500 troops to intercept and prevent the Cuban invasion. They met at Jarraguetta, the Cubans surprising the Spanish forces. The Cubans surrounded the Spanish forces and seven times charged them with their machettes.

The Spaniards finally entrenched themselves and made a stubborn resistance. During the conflict two hundred Cubans were killed and wounded, while the Spanish loss was between four and five hundred. Two hundred Spaniards were captured. The Cubans then proceeded on their march to Camaguay. This occurred on the 28d.

The passengers positively assert that the Cuban Republic was formed at Pienque about a week ago. Thomas Estrada Palma is said to have been named as President, Jose Martiaz Foreign Minister and Secretary and Maximo Gomez as General in command of the entire army.

Thomas Palma is now in New York. He was the last President of the Cuban Republic and was made prisoner while such. He has never resigned; he has not been removed nor has a successor been appointed.

HAVANA May 3—The transport steamer Antonio Lopez, has arrived at Santiago de Cuba from Spain with 934 regular troops. The governor general sailed yesterday at 4 p. m. for Cienfugos and Manzille.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—A special to the *Chronicle* from Perry, O. T., says that the Bank of Commerce at Newkirk closed its doors to-day. It was established in September 1893 and advertised a capital of $50,000.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ducks, geese, chickens, eggs—fresh lot just received. I have a small lot of country butter that I will sell at 15c. a pound. Also groceries of all kinds, at the lowest prices. I am agent for Cutter Tobacco, the best on the market. Neil McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Salesman wanted —To sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade; Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers. $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $190 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. april 30 6t.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c21

New Photographs—Your special attention is called to my new display of Photographs. Look at them. It will do you good. Have some made like them; they will be a source of joy to you forevermore. Fine photographs at $1 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS, 114 Market street. c21

A chance to make money.—I made $334.00 the last six weeks selling Dish Washers, and was sick part of the time. I don't see why others do not go into the Dish Washer Business. No canvassing. Sold all my Washers at home. Perfect satisfaction. Every one sold sells another. Every family wants one. I will make $3,000 this year easy. I can wash and dry one dishes in two minutes. Any one can make $6 to $12 a day. For circulars write to Iron City Dish Washer Co., 55 Highland avenue, E. E., Pittsburg, Pa. mch 19 3m

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 408 Nash street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c23

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen at short notice. Opposite new Front House. c22

Spiritine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spiritine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spiritine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spiritine remedies. c21

Paine's Celery Compound

Charles MacDonald, a Prominent Chicago Business Man, Is Restored to Health.

Within a few steps of intersection of two of the busiest thoroughfares in Chicago, if not in the entire country, is a store through the portal of which more people pass in the course of a day than enter into and depart from any other establishment of its size in the West. Men and women whose faces bear the stamp of intelligence and culture; women who lead in society, art and letters; men who are prominent in the professions; lawyers, physicians, artists, judges and journalists. The exterior of the place gives immediate evidence of its character, which is that of a center of current news and information. It is the news and periodical depot of Charles MacDonald at 55 Washington street, who writes the following letter:

CHICAGO, Feb. 20, 1895.—Messrs. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.—Gentlemen: It is clearly the duty of every person to acknowledge a service rendered no matter what its nature. When, however, the character of the benefit bestowed is such that it lightens the daily burdens of our lives, and changes our lives from dreary watches to periods of rest and refreshing repose, the duty resolves itself into a pleasure. A few months ago, owing to the confining nature of my business, I began to feel at first a sort of languor and listlessness, to disguise which I was compelled to bring into play all the strength of will I could command. The feeling grew upon me, however, and in a short time it took such possession of me that it affected my appetite and caused insomnia. I approached my meals with feeling amounting almost to nausea, and my bed with horror at the restless night that I was nearly certain was before me. It was only by the strongest efforts that I was enabled to hide the change from people who came into my place of business, but my intimate acquaintances were quicker to notice it. It had arrived at a point where I could no longer keep silent upon the subject, and speaking of it to one of my friends one day he suggested that I try Paine's celery compound. I purchased a bottle, and before I had taken a dozen doses I knew that the suggestion was a good one, for I felt an improvement. I continued to use it, and feel entirely restored. My appetite is good, I sleep well, and instead of an irksome grind, my business has again become a pleasure to me. You may put me down as a strong advocate of Paine's celery compound.

Yours respectfully,

CHAS. MACDONALD.

JAPAN AND THE POWERS.

Report From Paris that the Oriental Question Has Been Settled.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PARIS, May 3.—The *Journal Des Debats* asserts that it has information from an absolutely trustworthy source, that the Oriental question has been settled upon terms under which Japan abandons occupation of or claim on any Manchurean territory, except Port Arthur, and in exchange therefor receives some equivalent as compensation from China, the nature of which is determinable hereafter.

BERLIN, May 3.—The Cologne *Gazette* says it is able to contradict the statement that the protesting powers—Germany, France and Russia—are not united upon the question of Japan's accession of Chinese mainland territory. "The protesters," the *Gazette* says, "must have recourse to energetic action, and are resolved to obtain their demands. We advise Japan to comply with them without delay."

LONDON, May 3.—A dispatch from Shanghai to the *Globe* says that the Chinese, with a view of preventing the Japanese from entering Pekin, have cut the embankment of the Pei-Ho and flooded miles of country. Hundreds of persons were caught by the rushing waters and drowned.

HOKE SECREST.

Sentenced to Twenty Years Imprisonment for Murdering His Wife.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. May 3.—A special to the *Citizen* from Rutherfordton N. C. says: The noted case of Hoke Secrest, who murdered his wife and child twelve years ago in Burke county, this state, was called this morning. Counsel for the State and defense announced that they had agreed upon a compromise verdict of manslaughter. The jury were accordingly instructed to render such a verdict and Secrest was at once sentenced to 20 years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

WARM WIRELETS.

Sioux county, Iowa, was devastated by a terrific cyclone yesterday afternoon.

The Spanish cruiser Infanta Isabella is lying at Tampa Bay. She is looking out for filibusters.

Great Britain has agreed to withdraw her war-ships from Corinto, if Nicaragua will undertake to pay the indemnity demanded in fifteen days.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.

CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.

CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.

NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

Wheeler & Wilson

Sewing Machine

Can be run with No. 120 Cotton in place of the regular band.

Does this not show what a light running machine it is?

SPECIAL RATES on the new improved

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

This week. 40 per cent. Saved. This offer is limited.

Katz & Polvogt,

Sole agents Wheeler A Wilson Sewing Machine.

ap 28 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Low Prices

—OF—

Shoes and Slippers

—AT—

Geo. R. French & Son's,

108 North Front Street,

We haven't space to enumerate all the styles, but we call attention to a few of them—

Ladies' Black Oxfords at 50 cents.

Ladies' Tan Oxfords at 50 cents.

Ladies' Hand Sewed and turned Oxfords at 65 cents.

Men's Satin Calf tip and plain Oxfords at $1.00.

Men's Satin Calf tip and plain Bals at $1.00.

Men's Calf Southern Ties at $1.25.

Call and see what good Shoes you can buy for a very little money from

Geo. R. French & Sons.

108 North Front St.,

ap 28 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

W. B. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

WATER COOLERS,

COOK STOVES,

RANGES,

Garden Hose,

Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtebly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

14 North Front Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

ap 28 tf

PANTS.

$3.00

PANTS

—AND—

$12.50

SUITS

Made to Order

BY THE

Plymouth Rock Co.,

BOSTON, MASS.,

AND

BROWNING, KING & CO.

NEW YORK.

Why pay $3 for a pair of Pants ready-made, when you can get them made to order for $3.00.

We guarantee satisfaction, or Money refunded.

C. E. GORDON,

Agent

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.

ap 14 tf

False Economy.

For any woman to buy a heavy Machine.

Wheeler & Wilson

Sewing Machine

Can be run with No. 120 Cotton in place of the regular band.

Does this not show what a light running machine it is?

SPECIAL RATES on the new improved

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

This week. 40 per cent. Saved. This offer is limited.

Katz & Polvogt,

Sole agents Wheeler A Wilson Sewing Machine.

ap 28 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. H. Fishblate,

We bought the balance of Spring and Summer stock of Hays, Goldberg & Co., of New York, at 60 cts. on the dollar. All fine goods, no shoddy. No old styles—but made for this season's stock.

We will give you bargains never known in the

Clothing Trade.

All Wool Suits,

Former price $10, our price $5.98

ALL WOOL PANTS—

Former price $4.50, our price $2.50

ALL WOOD BOYS' SUITS—

Former price $3, our price $1.50

MEN'S WHITE DUCK PANTS—

25c, worth $1

CHILDREN'S SAILOR SUITS, $1

ALL WOOL KNEE PANTS—

45 cents, former price $1

Straw Hats,

Sold everywhere at $1, our price 50c

A $2 Derby or Alpine Hat for $1

Sweaters.

All wool $1.50, worth $3.00

Cotton Sweaters, 20 cents.

Our 50 cents Neckwear, 25 cents.

Full dress Laundered Shirt 50c, worth $1.

None can be better, none cheaper. Call early and avoid the rush.

Our store will be open until 7.30 p. m. during this sale, and Saturdays until 1130 p. m.

S. H. FISHBLATE,

King Clothier.

may 1 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Rise Continues

IN HIDES, LEATHER AND

SHOES.

In the North, the South, the East and West, but

MERCER & GAYLORD

continue to hustle, and ARE STILL RUSHING BARGAINS OF REAL VALUE at the generous patronizing public.

Having made arrangements with Manufacturers of certain kinds of Shoes before the great rise began, they are thereby enabled, for some time to come, to

Keep Prices Low Down.

Think of Baby Shoes being 10 cents per pair!
Think of Ladies' Shoes being 80 cents per pair!
Think of Ladies' Slippers being 35 cents per pair!
Think of W. P. Web Slippers being 10 cts per pair!
Think of Men's Calf Boots being $1.50 per pair!
Think of Men's Heavy Boots being $1.25 per pair!
And other goods in like proportion.

We cordially invite you to examine our stock, and respectfully solicit your patronage.

Yours in earnest,

Mercer & Gaylord,

115 Princess Street.

H. C. Evans' Old Stand. ap 28 tf

Some Things That We Don't Do

and some things that we do.

WE DON'T
Handle cheap goods at any price.
WE Do
Sell the best goods obtainable at close prices.
WE DON'T
Cater to the patronage of those seeking cheap stuff. Poor Medicines are worse than no medicines.
WE DO
Try to get the trade of people who can appreciate the value of fresh and reliable medicines. The best of anything is always cheapest. Poor stuff is dear at any price.
WE DON'T
Keep many cheap Cigars but those that we do handle are above the average run for 5c Cigars.
WE DO
Keep a first-class line of first-class 5c and 10c Cigars, and when the "King of Spain" (the latest addition to our assortment) arrives, you will have the opportunity of smoking a 10c Cigar for 5c.
WE DON'T
Mind telling you that
WE DO
Handle an excellent assortment of "Smoking Tobacco," and several brands of high grade Chewing Tobacco.
WE DON'T
Dispense sloppy Soda Water, but
WE DO
Have refreshing "Soda Water," delicious "Milk Shakes" and "Freeze-in" Sherbets, 5c.
WE DO
Pay the strictest attention to our prescription department and exercise skill and care in the preparation of medicines, &c.
WE DON'T
Neglect any branch of our business but give to each our personal attention and finally
WE DO
Desire the good will and patronage of all good paying people. Yours,

J. Hicks Bunting,

Graduate in Pharmacy and Registered Druggist,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

may 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Mortgage Sale.

BY Virtue of the provisions of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by Thomas H. Johnson and wife Julia H., to the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association, duly registered on the records of New Hanover county in Book No. 213, pages 300 to 301, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder at public auction, at the court house door, in the city of Wilmington, for cash, on May 21st, 1895, at 10 o'clock M., the following described property situate in the said city of Wilmington:

Beginning at the southeast intersection of Seventh and Dock streets, runs thence east with the southern line of Dock street 66 feet, thence south parallel with Seventh stre t 140 feet, thence west parallel with Dock street 66 feet, to the eastern line of Seventh street, thence north with said line of Seventh street 140 feet to the beginning.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr.,
P. B. MANNING,
ap 30 30t including may 21 Attys for Mortgagee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR

Economy

The order of the Day.

Trimmed Hats.

Just opened, a new lot of Pattern Hats. Styles that cannot fail to please the most fastidious tastes, and at prices lower than charged elsewhere for like qualities.

We have opened a new lot latest styles trimmed Sailors, in all colors.

Untrimmed Hats.

A fine line of fancy Chip, two toned Annon brade, Neapolitan and Fancy Lace straw, Milan, Leghorn and Canton Hats for ladies, Misses and children, and a new line of untrimmed Sailors from 9c up.

RIBBONS.

Dresden, Taffetas, Satens, Moire and Gross Grain Ribbons, all widths

Silks.

Another new lot of Summer Silks, for shirt waists, in new designs, for 20c a yard.

Flowers and Feathers.

Ladies' Underwear.

Shirt Waists, Corsets,
Hosiery, Laces,
Gloves, Dress Trimmings,
Handkerchiefs,
Parasols,
Wrappers.
Capes and Jackets,

And a full line of Infants' Wear.

Our prices are economical facts, in touch with the times.

Don't fail to give us a call, as it will pay you if in want of anything in our line.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street.

ap 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

Offer to-morrow at Special Sale,

Housekeeping Linens.

A lot of extra quality Scotch & Irish

LINEN

Damask Table Cloths.

All lengths, at one-third less than regular prices.

2000 Towels in 3 lots.

Lot 1—35 and 40c extra size buck and damask Towels, at 23c each.

Lot 2—Bleached Turkish bath Towels at 10c each.

Lot 3—Extra Size bleached Turkish Bath Towels, at 25c each.

ap 28 tf

A WAR

—ON—

GROCERIES

Just received to-day to be sold low. One car load light wire hoop flour, SILVER MEDAL FLOUR. One car load of that celebrated D. & L., "Gold Medal," patent flour. 17 tubs fancy Elgin Creamery Butter. 25 medium Cream Cheese, low down. 100 boxes Cakes and Crackers, assorted kinds. 36 barrels New Crop Cuba Molasses. 6 barrels Vanilla Syrup. A lot of cheap New Orleans molasses.

We are State Agents for Gold Medal Cider; guaranteed to keep sweet and fresh for ten months, or money refunded. Write for prices.

DOZIER & LEE,

ap 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice-President. GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

RESULTS,

IF YOU DEPOSIT IN THE

WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO

$ 1	a week for 5 years you will have			$ 286
2	"	"	"	572
3	"	"	"	858
4	"	"	"	1,144
5	"	"	"	1,430
10	"	"	"	2,860
15	"	"	"	4,290
1	for ten years			637
2	"	"		1,274
3	"	"		1,911
4	"	"		2,548
5	"	"		3,185
10	"	"		6,370
15	"	"		9,555

Step By Step You go a Long Way.

april 21